





ANNUAL REPORT
ON THE TRANSFERS
OF CONTROLLED GOODS IN 2010



The **Ministry of Economy and Regional Development**, responsible for the control of transfers of arms, military equipment and dual-use goods (controlled goods), has prepared the Annual Report on the Transfers of Controlled Goods for 2010. The report includes an overview of exports and imports of controlled goods in Serbia, as well as information on Serbia's cooperation with the EU and other international institutions and organizations in the course of the year 2010.

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### INTRODUCTION

As laid down by Article 28, paragraph 3 of the Law on Foreign Trade in Weapons, Military Equipment and Dual-Use Goods¹ (hereinafter the Law), which constitutes the legal basis of the Annual Report on the Foreign Trade Transfers of Controlled goods² for 2010 (hereafter the 'Report'), the Annual Report on Transfers of Controlled Goods shall be adopted by the Government, which shall inform the National Assembly thereof. This Report provides an overview of exports and imports of controlled goods in the period from 1st January to 31st December 2010, in accordance with the recommendations, standards and the code of conduct of the European Union.

The 2005 Law provided for the harmonization of the national legislation with the international regulations and standards in this area. The main change was the fact that, in accordance with the international best practice, the jurisdiction over export control was transferred from a military authority (then Ministry of Defense) to a civil authority (then Ministry of International Economic Relations of Serbia and Montenegro). Another novelty was the introduction of foreign trade control of dual-use goods as well as the concept of internationally accepted "Catch All" clause, which ensures a higher level of control and transparency in licensing procedures.

Such an export control system, defined in all its stages by the Law and its secondary regulations, represents a step towards joining the European Union. This is especially important considering the fact that the Republic of Serbia is traditionally a manufacturer and exporter of weapons. In this context, the adoption of relevant national legislation meant further progress towards the protection of foreign policy, security and defense-related interests of the country, its international credibility and integrity as well as observance of international commitments undertaken by Serbia. The EU Code of Conduct on Arms Exports has been included in our legislation as a bylaw³, and the commitment to observe the common EU criteria has been made, even though the Republic of Serbia does not have the status of an EU Member State yet. Moreover, for the first time in our country export and import controls of dual-use goods⁴ were introduced and the national control lists of goods for which a license is required have been defined, in full compliance with the relevant EU lists.

The objective of the control of foreign trade transfer with regards to the dual-use goods is to limit proliferation of weapons of mass destruction (WMD).

In 2004, the UN Security Council adopted the Resolution on Non-proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction (UN SC Resolution 1540) declaring the proliferation of nuclear, biological and chemical weapons to be the principal threat to international peace and security. With this document, the Security Council calls upon all UN Member States to fulfill their commitments related to arms control and/or disarmament and to prevent proliferation of all types of weapons of mass destruction. The Resolution emphasizes the obligation of all signatory states to adopt and enforce effective laws and put them in practice by establishing a national control system in this area and by taking measures ensuring its implementation.

In accordance with the UN Resolution, the Republic of Serbia has set up an effective control system of weapons, military equipment, dual-use goods and related technologies, and it considers the improvement of this system as one of its priorities. This is especially important, taking into account the geographic position of Serbia, as well as the latent threat from international terrorism. In this regard, the Republic of Serbia is constantly improving its weapons and dual-use goods control system, in accordance with its international commitments.

In accordance with international recommendations, the Ministry of Economy and Regional Development of the Republic of Serbia, in cooperation with other relevant ministries, is seeking to ensure total transparency in the area of foreign

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Law was adopted in 2005 and promulgated in the "Official Journal of Serbia and Montenegro", No. 7/05 and 8/05-corrigendum, and is still in force. Following the adoption of the Law on Ministries - "Off. Gazette. of RS", No. 65/08 and 36/09 - other law, the jurisdiction over foreign trade in weapons, military equipment and dual-use goods was conferred upon the Ministry of Economy and Regional Development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As laid down by Article 3 of the Law, controlled goods include "weapons, military equipment and related technologies as well as dual-use goods, including software and technologies that can have both civil and military purpose".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See the Decision on Criteria for Licensing Exports of Weapons, Military Equipment and dual-use Goods, "Official Journal of Serbia and Montenegro", No. 11/05.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Dual-use goods include a wide range of materials, equipment and technologies that can be used both for the development of Weapons of Mass Destruction (WMD) and for civil purposes, and which are therefore very difficult to put under effective control.

trade in controlled goods. To that end, this Report, having been adopted by the Government of the Republic of Serbia, is submitted to the National Assembly of the Republic of Serbia and published in the official journal and on the official website of the Ministry of Economy and Regional Development. Having in mind the nature of the data covered by the Report, the level of its transparency has been precisely determined, striking a compromise between the obligation to publish, on the one hand, and the protection of commercial interests of companies, on the other. All data are presented in aggregate form so as not to jeopardize their confidentiality (licenses for the import-export of military equipment bear the mark "confidential").

The Report contains information on export-import control policy, national legislation, national control lists, licensing criteria, institutions responsible for the licensing process, international commitments, experience gained by Serbia in the field of export control, active participation in seminars and further advancement of the control system, as well as the analysis of statistical data given in Annexes. It also includes data on actual international transfers of controlled goods in 2010 (including the value of actual exports broken down by licenses issued in 2009 and 2010 and used in 2010).

The Annexes to the Report contain tables with data related to persons registered to conduct transfers of controlled goods, i.e. persons entered in the Register kept by the Ministry of Economy and Regional Development<sup>5</sup>, on issued, denied and revoked licenses, as well as data on actual transfers of controlled goods in 2010.

The Report does not contain information on the production and marketing of arms and military equipment within the state, as this is the responsibility of the Ministry of Defense.

The Report was prepared in accordance with the recommendations of the European Union,<sup>6</sup> with regards to the format and the content of national reports, in order for them to be compatible with the EU Reports<sup>7</sup> and comparable with national reports of neighboring states and others.

The Ministry of Economy and Regional Development set up a database on foreign transfers of controlled goods and on actual arms exports based on the information provided by the companies registered to perform such activities. Namely, article 27 of the Law requires the registered enterprises to submit information on the completed import and export of controlled goods, within 15 days of the license expiration date. If the planned transfer is not executed during the license validity period (one year), the company in question is instructed to return the original unused license to the responsible ministry. The companies submit information on their actual exports and imports according to the numbers from national control lists, while the Customs Administration uses tariff numbers according to the Law on Customs Tariff. There is no conformity between tariff numbers and the numbers in national control lists. Therefore, considering the discrepancies in reports between the companies and the Customs Administration, there is a possibility that data thus compiled are not entirely precise. If the goods to be exported include one of the following five categories of weapons: tanks, armored vehicles, 75mm artillery weapons, combat aircrafts, combat helicopters, which were used by the Ministry of Defense, the exporter is required to inform the Verification Centre of the Defense Policy Sector, Department for International Military Cooperation, within 30 days before the actual export, about the date, quantities and destinations of export.

Exporters and importers submit data on the category of goods from the control list (the number from the national control list), description of goods, number of items, end use, financial value, exporting or importing state, final destination country or the country of origin. Monetary values are given in US\$, according to the official medium rate of exchange of the National Bank of Serbia on 31st December 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Art. 11 and 12 of the Law

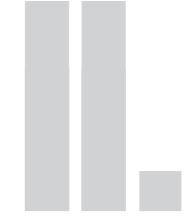
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In February 2006, under the auspices of the European Union, the South Eastern and Eastern Europe Clearinghouse for the Control of Small Arms and Light Weapons (SEESAC), and the Embassy of the United States of America in Belgrade, (Export Control and Border Security program - EXBS), a regional seminar was held on: "Annual Reporting of the Western Balkan States in the Area of Arms Trade", aiming to reach an agreement about the common format for national reports and extend further support to the Western Balkan States in the process of producing reports.

The EU Annual Report is based on contributions from all member states, submitted to the Council and published in the "C" series of the Official Journal of the European Union. In addition, all member states which export equipment according to the Common List of Military Equipment publish a national report on their exports of military equipment, prepared in accordance with relevant national regulations, containing information for the Annual Report of the EU on the implementation of the Code of Conduct, as prescribed by in the User Manual and in line with operational provision 8 of the EU Code of Conduct on Arms Exports. As one of their priorities in the near future, the Member States have committed to continuous harmonization of national reports, including statistical data, in order to homogenize data that needs to be included in the EU Annual Report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The National control list of weapons, military equipment and the List of dual-use goods, established by the Serbian Government ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia", No. 60/09).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The EU also faces the problem of monitoring, especially of dual-use goods according to tariff numbers, that is, the numbers in national lists of dual-use goods do not correspond to tariff numbers in the Customs Tariffs.





National legislation, as it relates to foreign trade in controlled goods, includes the following legal acts:

- 1. The Law on Foreign Trade in Weapons, Military Equipment and Dual-use Goods ("Official Journal of Serbia and Montenegro", No. 7/05 and 8/05-corrigendum);
- 2. Bylaws:
- 3. Ratified international conventions and treaties;
- 4. Other regulations relevant to the issue.

## 1. THE LAW ON FOREIGN TRADE IN WEAPONS, MILITARY EQUIPMENT AND DUAL-USE GOODS

The Law on Foreign Trade in Weapons, Military Equipment and Dual-use Goods defines the concept of foreign trade in weapons, military equipment and dual-use goods, as well as the manner and conditions under which it can be conducted, responsibilities and the procedure for issuing the required licenses for export and import, transport, transit, brokering and provision of services in foreign trade transfers. Moreover, oversight and control over the implementation of the mentioned activities are regulated by the Law. The Law was passed by the National Assembly of Serbia and Montenegro on 17th February 2005, and has been in force since 31st March of the same year.

The goal of the Law is to establish state controls in this area for the purpose of protecting the security, foreign policy and economic interests, international credibility and integrity, as well as fulfilling international commitments undertaken by the Republic of Serbia.

The Law forms the basis for comprehensive control of exports and imports of weapons, military equipment, dualuse goods and related technologies, provides for mandatory registration of commercial entities performing foreign trade in controlled goods and the licensing procedure, specifies tasks and roles of competent government bodies relating to the prescribed administrative procedure and explicitly forbids foreign trade, transport, transit and possession of nuclear, chemical and biological weapons and devices for their delivery, in accordance with the UN SC Resolution 1540 and provides sanctions in case of a breach.

Prior to the adoption of the Law, the trade and production of arms and military equipment were regulated by a single law the implementation of which was the responsibility of the military structures. The two areas are now divided in such a way that the responsibility for foreign trade of arms and military equipment was transferred to civilian bodies, in accordance with international practice and development of controls in this area.

The main reasons for the adoption of the Law were:

- the need to create a legal framework which will ensure civilian control in this area and eliminate undesirable exports and trade in these goods;
- to prevent terrorist and related activities that pose an ever rising threat to the international community at large;
- to bring the relevant national legislation in line with that of the EU; and
- to provide a legal basis for the fulfillment of commitments, rules and procedures stemming from international agreements, conventions and established control regimes in this area.

The adoption of legal regulations in line with international standards was a precondition for the performance of export activities of Serbian defense industry.

#### 2. BYLAWS

Bylaws further specify certain issues in the subject matter of the Law. The following regulations serve this purpose:

- 1. The Decision to Establish the National Control List of Arms and Military Equipment<sup>10</sup> (brought in line with the Common EU Military List<sup>11</sup> and the EU Code of Conduct on Arms Exports);
- 2. The Decision to Establish the National Control List of Dual-use Goods<sup>12</sup> (brought in line with the EU List of Dual-use Goods and Technologies);
- 3. The Decision on Licensing Criteria for Exports of Weapons, Military Equipment And Dual-use Goods<sup>13</sup>;
- 4. The Rulebook on the Manner of Keeping the Register of Entities Licensed to Perform the International Trade in Controlled Goods<sup>14</sup> and
- 5. The Rulebook on the Format of the Licensing Application, the Form of the License and Other Forms Accompanying the Transfers of Controlled Goods ("Official Gazette of the RS", No.96/07)<sup>15</sup>.

#### 2.1. NATIONAL CONTROL LISTS

The above secondary regulations adopted under Article 3, paragraph 2 of the Law have established two national control lists, namely:

- The National Control List of Arms and Military Equipment;
- The National Control List of Dual-use Goods.

The Law allows the Government to draw up other lists in order to meet its commitments under international agreements. The main purpose of establishing national control lists and controls of controlled goods transfers is to enhance regional and international security, in order to establish maximum transparency and accountability in the area of transfers of conventional arms and products, as well as dual-use technologies, and to prevent the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction, their launching systems and accompanying materials and technologies, that is, to take measures and actions to prevent the controlled goods from falling into terrorists' hands.

The National Control list of Arms and Military Equipment (weapons, military equipment and related technologies) is in line with the EU Common List of Military Equipment covered by the EU Code of Conduct on Arms Exports.

The goods in the National Control list of Arms and Military Equipment (NCL AME) include both new and used arms and military equipment, that is, goods designed or modified for military use. A short survey of the List (items 1 to 23) is given in Appendix 1.1 (Excerpt from the National Control List of Arms and Military Equipment) attached to this Report.

The National Control List of Dual-use Goods (including software and technologies), which apart from civilian can also have military purpose, has been harmonized with the List of Dual-use Goods and Technologies of EU.

The EU List of Dual-use Goods and Technologies brings together all lists of various international control regimes including the Wassenaar Arrangement - WA, Missile Technology Control Regime - MTCR, Nuclear Suppliers Group - NSG, the Australia Group - AG and Chemical Weapons Convention - CWC<sup>16</sup>. The list is flexible, allowing for the integration of various new international controls (See Appendix 1.2 - Structure of the List of Dual-goods, attached to this Report).

Determining the number from the national control list is not a simple task and requires substantial knowledge of national lists of controlled goods, especially of dual-use goods lists (Categories 0 - 9) as well as of the characteristics of controlled goods themselves. It is necessary to identify products that fall within weapons of mass destruction programme (nuclear, chemical, biological and rocket), which covers a wide range of products and technologies. In some instances a product, depending on the end use/user and its characteristics, may be found both on the military list and on the dual-use and related technologies goods list.

The National Control List of Arms and Military Equipment and the National Control List of Dual-use Goods, together with the rest of regulations in this area, are published on the website of the Ministry of Economy and Regional Development<sup>17</sup>.

<sup>10 &</sup>quot;Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia" No. 60/09

<sup>11</sup> The Common EU Military list is a politically binding document within the Common Foreign and Security Policy.

<sup>12 &</sup>quot;Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia" No. 60/09.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Published in the "Official Gazette of Serbia and Montenegro" No.11/05 and brought in line with EU Code of Conduct on Arms Exports.

<sup>14</sup> In the course of exercising his powers under Articles 12 and 18 of the Law, the minister of the competent ministry adopts the Rulebook. See "Official Journal of Serbia and Montenegro" No. 12/05 and "Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia" No.73/06 and 96/07.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> The Rulebook on the Format of the Licensing Application, the Form of the License and Other Forms Accompanying the Transfers of Controlled Goods ("Official Gazette of the RS", No. 96/07).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> All these regimes will be discussed later.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> The regulations can be found at: http://www.merr.gov.rs/sr/c/spoljna-trgovina-kontrolisanom-robom

Article 4 of the Law introduces the provision internationally known as the "Catch All"— "comprehensive control", and it allows for the control of goods not included in the existing national control lists, falling within the category of controlled goods when the individual intending to perform foreign trade is notified by the relevant body, or has a reasonable cause to believe that goods in question are, or can be, in whole or in part, used for the development, production, manipulation, disposal, maintenance, stockpiling, uncovering, detection, identification or spread of chemical, biological or nuclear weaponry or other nuclear-explosive devices, or for the development, production, maintenance or stockpiling rockets capable of carrying such substances.

#### 3. RATIFIED INTERNATIONAL CONVENTIONS AND AGREEMENTS

The Republic of Serbia is a signatory of international agreements and conventions on arms, arms control and strengthening security measures, namely:

- Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects - the so-called Convention on Certain Conventional Weapons (CCW) - (SFRY ratified in 1970, FRY approved in 2002);
- 2. Treaty on Non-proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT) (SFRY ratified in 1970, FRY approved in 2002);
- 3. Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction (BWC) (SFRY ratified in 1973, FRY approved in 2001);
- 4. Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction (CWC) (FRY ratified in 2000);
- 5. Missile Technology Control Regime (MTCR) (In February 2004 Serbia and Montenegro unilaterally agreed to comply with the MTCR document "Equipment, Software and Technology" as of 30<sup>th</sup> May 2003, and with the Guidelines for Significant Transfer of Sensitive projectiles as of 7<sup>th</sup> January 1993);
- 6. The Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty (CTBT) (Serbia and Montenegro ratified this agreement in 2004):
- 7. Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Antipersonnel Mines and on Their Destruction the Ottawa Treaty or the Mine Ban Treaty (Serbia and Montenegro submitted the ratification instruments to the UN Secretary General in September 2003, while the obligations under the Convention commenced on 1st March 2004):
- 8. Regulations on Small Arms and Light Weapons (SALW) 2000 OSCE Document on Small Arms; 2003 OSCE Document on Stockpiles of Conventional Ammunition; 2004 OSCE Document on End User Certificates; 2004 OSCE Document on Brokering; 2003 OSCE Document on Portable Launchers of Anti Aircraft Missile Systems (MANPADS); 2001 Regional Implementation Plan of the Stability Pact; United Nations Programme of Action to Prevent, Combat and Eradicate the Illicit Trade in Small Arms and Light Weapons in All its Aspects (UN PoA SALW); UN Firearms Protocol against the Illicit Manufacturing of and Trafficking in Firearms, their Parts and Components and Ammunition, a supplementary protocol to the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime (UN FP) of 2006;
- 9. The Vienna Confidence and Security Building Measures Document (CSBM);
- 10. Sub-regional Arms Control Agreement in line with Article IV, Annex 1-B of Dayton Peace Accords.

#### 4. OTHER REGULATIONS RELEVANT FOR THE AREA

Apart from the Law, Serbian legislation on international trade in controlled goods includes other regulations, which directly govern other issues of importance and relevance for the conduct of international trade in arms. This set of regulations includes the following:

- 1. The Law on Production and Trade of Arms and Military Equipment ("Official Journal of FRY" No. 41/96 and the "Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia", No. 85/05);
- 2. The Law on International Trade Activities ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia", No. 36/09);
- 3. The Customs Law ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia", No. 18/10);
- 4. The Law on Arms and Ammunition ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia", No. 9/92, 53/93,67/93,48/9 4,44/98,39/03,85/05, and 101/05-other law);
- 5. The Law on the Prohibition of Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and Their Destruction ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia", No. 36/09);
- 6. The Law on the Transport of Hazardous Substances ("Official Journal of the Republic of Serbia", No. 88/10);
- 7. The Law on the Protection of the State Border ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia", No. 97/08).

In addition to this set of laws, the following also apply: the Law on Explosive Substances, Inflammable Liquids and Gases ("Official Gazette of the FRY", No 44/77, 45/85 and 18/89 and the "Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia" No. 53/93, 67/93, 48/94, 101/05); the Law on the Production and Transfer of Poisonous Substances ("Official Journal of the FRY", No. 15/95, 28/96 and the "Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia", No. 37/02,101/05); the Law on Protection against Ionizing Radiation ("Official Journal of the FRY", No. 46/96 and the "Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia", No. 85/05,101/05); the Law on Production and Transfer of Designer Drugs ("Official Gazette of the FRY", No. 46/96, 37/02 and the "Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia", No. 101/05), as well as other related regulations.





International trade in weapons, military equipment and dual-use goods is performed in three stages:

- 1. Registration of (natural and legal) persons for the performance of international trade in controlled goods;
- 2. Issuing individual licenses for every business deal;
- 3. Monitoring and control of international trade deals.

#### 1. REGISTRATION

International trade in controlled goods can be performed by a natural or a legal person who has been issued the license for engaging in this activity by the competent ministry, in accordance with the Article 11 and 12 of the Law. The right to perform international trade is acquired as of the day the person is entered in the Register kept by the competent ministry<sup>18</sup>, which issues the Decision on such a right, valid for five years.

The manner of keeping the Register of Entities Licensed to Perform International Trade in Controlled Goods, the registration procedure, documentation requirements as well as the contents of the Register is detailed in the Rulebook on the Manner of Keeping the Register of Entities Licensed to Perform International Trade in Controlled Goods<sup>19</sup>.

#### 2. LICENSING

As laid down by the provision of Article 14 of the Law, "the license for the performance of foreign trade in controlled goods is a written document of a competent ministry, by which, on the basis of prescribed criteria, a person is permitted to perform a single deal of foreign trade business involving a specified amount and type of controlled goods, under conditions stipulated by the contract with a foreign partner, and in accordance with a previously performed, legally prescribed procedure and presentation of all legally required documents".

The Rulebook on the format of the application for a license, the license form and forms of other documents required for the international trade in controlled goods<sup>20</sup> specifies the form for licensing applications and other forms, as well as the list of documents to be submitted with the application.

Before making a decision on a specific application, the competent ministry obtains an approval from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the Ministry of Defense, as well as the opinion from the Ministry of Interior<sup>21</sup>. In the course of the decision-making process, the ministries of defense and foreign policy (giving the relevant approval) have the right to veto the issuing of the license. If both ministries withhold their approval, the competent ministry cannot issue the license; if only one ministry refuses application, the final decision on the issuing of the license is made by the Government.

The Law requires that a license be issued for the export and import, scientific-technical and production cooperation, acquisition and transfer of property rights regarding technologies in the field of production of controlled goods, provision of intellectual or material services, international company representation, brokering, re-export, non-commercial export and import, and the import-export of goods which are not categorized on the dual-use list but may be used for the development, production, manipulation, usage maintenance, stockpiling or proliferation of weapons of mass destruction.

The competent ministry may deny the application if the exporter or the importer fails to comply with provisions of Article 25 of the Law.

<sup>18</sup> The Ministry of Economy and Regional Development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> In the course of the performance of its legal powers under Articles 12 and 18 of the Law, the minister of the competent ministry adopts the Rulebook. See "Official Journal of Serbia and Montenegro", No. 12/05 and the "Official Gazette of the RS", No. 73/06 and 96/07.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> The Rulebook on the format of the application for a license, the license form and forms of other documents required for the international trade in controlled goods ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia", No. 96/07).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> At the time of the State Union of SCG (31.03.2005 - 05.06.2006) the ministry in charge of requesting opinions was the Ministry of Interior of the Republic of Serbia or Republic of Montenegro, depending on the seat of the legal entity, the applicant.

The issued license can be revoked if the competent ministry becomes aware that the license was issued on the basis of false information; in the case of substantial changes relating to the issuance of licenses; when the person in question, or the international trade deal compromise security, foreign policy or economic interests of the state; when the person does not comply with or breaches the terms of the license. The Government of Serbia does not bear any responsibility and undertakes no commitments for possible damages caused by the withdrawal of the license (Article 26 of the Law).

As far as imports of controlled goods are concerned, the competent ministry issues the End User Certificate. On the other hand, when it comes to exports of controlled goods, the ministry verifies the submitted Certificate, i.e. compliance with the conditions of Article 16 of the Law (that the certificate was not issued more than 6 months ago, that it contains all the necessary data, and has been translated by an official court interpreter). It also verifies the authenticity of the issued EUCs (if they have been issued by the competent authorities and institutions of the destination country) through diplomatic channels and cooperation with the competent ministry.

The transport and transit of arms and military equipment are subject to licensing by the competent authorities. Licenses for transport and transit of arms and military equipment by land and by water are issued by the Ministry of Interior of the Republic of Serbia, while licenses for transport and transit by air are approved by the Directorate of Civil Aviation of the Republic of Serbia, on the basis of the previously issued license by the Ministry of Economy and Regional Development for the performance of the specific export/import, and the approval by the Ministry of Defense and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Licenses for transit of arms and military equipment by land and by water are issued by the Ministry of Interior after obtaining approval from the Ministry of Defense and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, while licenses for transport and transit by air are issued by the Directorate of Civil Aviation of the Republic of Serbia, with approval from the Ministry of Defense and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

#### 2.1. LICENSING CRITERIA

The decision on the criteria for licensing export of weapons, military equipment and dual-use goods<sup>22</sup> prescribes eight criteria that must be considered and applied prior to issuing a license. It has been entirely harmonized with the EU Code of Conduct on Arms Exports. On 20<sup>th</sup> November 2008 the Serbian Government adopted a Conclusion on accepting the principles from the EU Code of Conduct on Arms Exports.

The criteria for the issuance of the licenses for exporting weapons, military equipment and dual-use goods are the following:

- 1. Compliance with international commitments, especially sanctions imposed by the UN SC, international treaties on non-proliferation of weapons and other international obligations;
- 2. Respect for human rights in the country of final destination;
- 3. Internal situation in the country of final destination, in terms of existing tensions or armed conflicts;
- 4. Keeping regional peace, security and stability;
- 5. National security of the country as well as security of friendly countries;
- 6. Behavior of the buyer state in relation to the international community, especially its position on terrorism, the nature of its alliances and its compliance with the international law;
- Possible risk that the subject of exports will fall into the hands of somebody else in the buyer state or be re-exported under undesirable terms; and
- 8. Compatibility of export of weapons with technical and economic capacities of the consignee, taking into account that it is desirable that states should exercise their legitimate security and defensive needs with the least possible mobilization of human and economic resources for purchase of arms.

According to the EU Code of Conduct on Arms Exports<sup>23</sup>, if the application contains elements and information that violate the first four criteria, the application is automatically denied and the EU member states are notified of the fact, while in the case of violation of the criteria 5-8 the competent national institutions make the assessment. The Code is politically binding on the EU Member States. Its incorporation into national legislation and consistent application in the licensing procedure demonstrate that Serbia fulfills the EU requirements regarding the harmonization of regulations in this area.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> The decision was made under Article 3, paragraph 2 of the Law and published in the "Official Journal of Serbia and Montenegro" No.11/05.

<sup>23</sup> This Code was adopted in June 1998, and consists of eight criteria. All EU member states agreed to comply with the Code of Conduct on Arms Exports when considering applications for export of goods from the adopted EU Common List of Military Equipment. The Code also aims to improve the exchange of information between Member States and contribute to better understanding of their export control policies. In June 2000, these rules were extended to dual-use goods (EU Regulation 1334/2000), when it is known, or suspected that the end user or the end use of the goods in question is for military purposes.

When considering the export license applications, in addition to the above criteria, the following is taken into account:

- a) Potential effects on economic, financial and commercial interests of the state, including the long-term interest of establishing stable and democratic relations with business partners;
- b) Potential effects on state relations with the importing country;
- c) Potential effects on transformation and revival of defense industry:
- d) Potential effects on overall economic development of the state.

Compliance with the criteria is assessed by the ministries involved in the administrative procedure, each in accordance with their field of responsibility, based on which they approve or give opinion whether a license should be issued or denied.

#### 2.2. COMPETENT INSTITUTIONS IN THE LICENSING PROCESS

According to the Law, foreign trade in controlled goods is conducted in accordance with the license issued by the Ministry of Economy and Regional Development (the competent ministry). Prior to making a decision on a license application for the foreign trade in controlled goods, in terms of the provisions of the Law, the competent ministry considers the credibility of the applicant as well as economic and technological aspects of the license application.

According to the provisions of the law, the following institutions participate in the licensing procedure: the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Ministry of Defense, and the Ministry of Interior. They, within their respective areas of responsibility, in the course of the procedure of licensing for foreign trade in controlled goods, consider the application, verify information contained in it and give approval or an opinion whether a license should be issued.

The role of each ministry has been defined in detail by Articles 21, 22 and 23 of the Law.

#### 3. OVERSIGHT AND CONTROL

The competent ministry performs oversight and control of international transfers of controlled goods in accordance with the Law and in cooperation with the Ministry of Defense, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Ministry of Interior, the Customs Administration, security-intelligence services, etc. Customs authorities, security-intelligence and inspection authorities carry out continuous control within their legal responsibilities and report on it to the competent ministry<sup>24</sup>.

The Customs Administration performs customs control and submits quarterly reports to the competent ministry on the use of licenses issued.

Under Article 38 of the Law, during customs inspection of controlled goods, which are the subject of foreign trade, the customs authorities can, within their area of responsibility, limit, stop, seize or cancel the transport of controlled goods, and notify the competent ministry about it.

The obligations of customs authorities in the course of the implementation of the provisions of the Law are governed by the Rulebook on the Obligations of Customs Authorities in Foreign Trade in Arms, Military Equipment and Dual-use goods<sup>25</sup>.

According to this Rulebook, when granting permission to apply the relevant customs procedure to controlled goods, the customs authorities are obliged to verify whether an original customs document (OCD) is accompanied with a license by the competent ministry, and whether information contained in the license for the conduct of foreign trade in controlled goods matches that in the OCD, and the actual condition of the goods.

Moreover, when granting the permission to enter goods into customs procedure for the transit of controlled goods by land and by water, the customs authorities must verify whether the OCD is accompanied with an approval by the Ministry of Interior of RS. When goods under control are transported by air, the approval of the body in charge of air traffic is required.

In accordance with Article 4 of the above Rulebook, the customs authorities shall temporarily seize controlled goods if they establish that:

<sup>24</sup> If the goods to be exported include one of the following five categories of weapons (tanks, armored vehicles, 75mm artillery weapons, combat aircrafts, combat helicopters) which were used by the Ministry of Defense, the inspection may be performed by the representatives of the Parties to the Sub-regional Arms Control Agreement under Article IV of Annex 1-B of Dayton Peace Accords.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> "Official Gazette of the RS", No. 67/05.

- OCD is not accompanied by an appropriate license or approval;
- That information in the OCD does not match that in the license or the approval; and
- That the actual condition of the goods does not match the data indicated in the license or the approval.

The customs authority is required to promptly inform the competent ministry about the suspension of the customs procedure and temporary seizure of goods, and to specify the reasons for this. However, the very control of the foreign trade transfer, transit and stockpiling should follow the provisions of the Rulebook on the Manner of Performance of Actions and Measures in the Control Procedure of Accepted Declaration<sup>26</sup>.

The Ministry of Interior performs the control and oversight of transport and transit of arms and military equipment, arms and ammunition and explosive substances across the state border and in the territory of the Republic of Serbia, in road and railway traffic, and in accordance with the following regulations:

- Law on the Protection of the State Border<sup>27</sup>;
- Law on Transport of Dangerous Substances<sup>28</sup>;
- Law on Arms and Ammunition<sup>29</sup>;
- Law on Explosive Substances, Inflammable Liquids and Gases<sup>30</sup>;
- Regulation on the Transport of Arms and Military Equipment<sup>31</sup>; and
- Regulation on the Transport of Hazardous Substances in Road and Railway Traffic<sup>32</sup>. The transport of arms and
  military equipment is performed with armed escort, under Article 31 of the Law and Article 9 of the Decision
  on the Transport of Arms and Military Equipment.

It should be noted that persons (natural and legal) who engage in foreign trade, transport or transit of controlled goods are bound by the Law to allow the bodies in charge of oversight and control to conduct inspection (for the purposes of oversight and control), during all stages of transfer, transport, transit and stockpiling. In the case of disappearance or damage of controlled goods while in the care of a person who participates in foreign trade of controlled goods, or who acquires and stockpiles such goods, the damage or the disappearance must be reported to the competent ministry within 24 hours of the damage or disappearance. The person engaging in foreign trade of controlled goods (importer, exporter, broker, owner or other user) is required to keep documentation on the transfer of such goods for the period of at least ten years.

In accordance with the Law, the competent ministry has created its own database, containing information on licenses issued, denied and revoked, the data on persons registered for the performance of international transfers of controlled goods, as well as on conducted inspections in registered business entities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> "Official Gazette of the RS" No. 53/04.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> "Official Gazette of the RS" No. 97/08.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> "Official Gazette of the RS" No. 88/10.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> "Official Gazette of the RS" No. 9/92, 53/93, 67/93,48/94,44/98,39/03, 85/05 and 101/05-another law.

 $<sup>^{30}</sup>$  "Official Gazette of the RS" No. 44/77, 45/85,18/89 and the "Official Gazette of the RS" No. 53/93,67/93,48/94 and 101/05.

<sup>31 &</sup>quot;Official Journal of the FRY" No. 54/97.

<sup>32 &</sup>quot;Official Gazette of the RS" No. 53/02.

## THE REPUBLIC OF SERBIA IN THE INTERNATIONAL EXPORT CONTROL SYSTEM



Over the last few years, during the process of building capacities of the institutions for an ever more efficient implementation of the export control system, as well as passage and enforcement of regulations in this field, strong and successful international cooperation was maintained.

#### 1. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION IN 2010

In the organization and with the financial support of several departments of the USA Government (State Department, Department of Defense, Department of Commerce, Department of Energy), European Union (EU), Germany (BAFA), UNDP/SEESAC and SIPRI, in the course of 2010, numerous seminars and workshops in the country and abroad were held, ensuring the participation of representatives from the competent institutions of the Republic of Serbia:

- 1. Participation in a regional workshop on: "Investigations and Criminal Prosecution in the Case of Export Control Violations", held on 2-3 February 2010 in Bled, Slovenia, in the framework of the Export Control Project implemented by SIPRI, Sweden.
- 2. Participation in the workshop on "Chemical Leasing a Way towards Sustainable Management of Chemicals", Belgrade, 10 February 2010, organized by the Serbian Cleaner Production Center, under the auspices of UNIDO.
- 3. Participation in a regional workshop on "Nuclear Export Control", Belgrade, 29-30 March 2010, organized by the Serbian Government and the Government of Hungary, the latter holding the presidency of the Nuclear Supplier Group (NSG).
- 4. Participation in a workshop on Regional Arms Export Information Exchange, 23-25 March 2010 Skopje, Macedonia, organized by SEESAC South Eastern and Eastern Europe Clearinghouse for the Control of Small Arms and Light Weapons.
- 5. Participation in the basic course for the representatives of national authorities included in the implementation of the Chemical Weapons Convention, Paris, France, 13-16 April 2010, organized by the OPCW.
- 6. Participation in a workshop for governmental officials on identification of goods according to the Lists of the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons, Prague, March 2010.
- 7. Participation in a meeting related to amendments of control lists of the Wassenaar Arrangement, Vienna, Austria, 22-24 April 2010, organized by the Wassenaar Arrangement Secretariat.
- 8. Lecturing at the workshop for Montenegrin industry on "Export Controls of Controlled Goods", Podgorica, Montenegro, 25 May 2010.
- Participation in a regional workshop within the framework of the EU Project "Third Country Export Control
  Assistance", aimed at introducing export controls in Serbia, organized by the EU Council Working Group on
  Conventional Arms Exports (COARM) and the German Export Control Agency (BAFA), Sarajevo, BiH, 14-17 June
  2010.
- 10. Participation in the annual Conference on "Strategic Goods Trade", organized by the US Government and EXBS Programme, Kiev, June 2010.
- 11. A seminar on the implementation of the UN SC Resolution 1540, presentation of the export control system of the Republic of Serbia, Split, June 2010.

- 12. Participation in the Regional Conference on Annual Arms Exports Reporting in the region of South East Europe, under the auspices of the South Eastern and Eastern Clearinghouse for the Control of Small Arms and Light Weapons (SEESAC), Jahorina, BiH, 20-23 June 2010.
- 13. Participation in the Export Control Conference, 4-8 July 2010, Hamburg, FR Germany, organized by the Federal Export Control Agency (BAFA), 3KA-German Customs and the EU.
- 14. Participation in the Parliamentary Forum on Small Arms and Light Weapons (for the members of Parliament), under the auspices of the South Eastern and Eastern Clearinghouse for the Control of Small Arms and Light Weapons (SEESAC), Belgrade, 8 October 2010.
- 15. Participation in the Workshop on Licensing Weapons, Military Equipment and Dual-use Goods, Budapest, Hungary, 2-5 November 2010, organized by the Export Control and Related Border Security (EXBS) of the US Embassy in Belgrade.
- 16. Attendance of the Academy on International Export Controls, organized by the US Government and the Export Control and Related Border Security (EXBS) of the US Embassy in Belgrade, Athens, Georgia, USA, 6-20 November 2010.
- 17. Participation in a regional workshop on "Arms Export Control Information Exchange", organized by the South Eastern and Eastern Clearinghouse for the Control of Small Arms and Light Weapons (SEESAC), Belgrade, 23-24 November 2010.
- 18. Participation in the organization of and hosting the Industry Outreach on "Export Controls of Weapons, Military Equipment and Dual-Use Goods" (also as a lecturer), Belgrade, 2 December 2010.
- 19. Participation in a regional seminar, within the framework of the EU Project "Cooperation in Export Control of Dual-use Goods", Regulation EU 428/2009, organized by the German Export Control Agency (BAFA), Frankfurt, Germany, 14-17 December 2010.

#### 2. FUTURE ACTIVITIES

With the view to further improving export controls, Serbia needs the assistance of the international community, and a more intense inter-agency cooperation of all relevant institutions involved in the implementation of regulations in this sensitive area, as well as industrial outreach.

For further improvement of the export-import control system, it is necessary to:

- Completely harmonize Serbia's regulations with those of the EU:
- Intensify activities related to the accession of Serbia to international treaties and control regimes;
- Receive assistance in the continuous update of National Control Lists, that is, bring them in line with the EU's latest;
- Fulfill all commitments related to the Republic of Serbia's membership in the UN, and to numerous international resolutions, recommendations and other documents concerning prevention of the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and suppression of terrorism;
- · Build up regional cooperation;
- Continue with participation in the EU Projects;
- Hold seminars and industry and government outreach on export control of controlled goods;
- Strengthen cooperation with other Serbian authorities and organizations in order to improve the export control system.

### STATISTICAL OVERVIEW

#### SECTION 1/10:

#### List of entities registered for foreign transfers of arms, military equipment and dual-use goods in 2010

This reporting year, as opposed to the previous years, is marked by a re-entry or renewed registration of all entities entered in the Register in the course of 2005 (in succession, according to the date of entry and the expiration of the legally prescribed period during which their registration is valid – five years from the day of the respective decision). In view of this, in 2010 the Register kept by the Ministry of Economy and Regional Development received 28 new legal entities, while out of the 80 entities entered in the Register in 2005, 49 renewed registration and out of the remaining 31, three entities renewed their registration in January 2011, one merged into an already registered entity, three continued their activities in accordance with the regulations of Montenegro, while 24 did not submit an application for a renewed registration.

As of 31 December 2010, there were 136 enterprises entered in the Register of Entities Licensed to Perform International Trade in Controlled Goods (Annex 1.2/10).

According to the type of ownership of the registered entities, as of 31<sup>st</sup> December 2010, private ownership predominates with 81.81%, followed by mixed ownership with 5.19%, social ownership with 9.10% and finally, stateowned enterprises (3.90%).

According to the origin of the founding capital of the registered entities, as of 31st December 2010, domestic capital prevails with 84.42%, followed by mixed capital (7.79%) and foreign capital with (7.79%).

According to the size of legal entities in 2010 and in line with the criteria established by the Law on Accounting and Audit ("Off. Gazette of RS", no. 46/06 and 111/09), 11 large, 11 medium and 55 small legal entities were entered in the Register. Their respective shares in the total number of registered entities are 14.28% - large entities, 14.28% - medium entities, and 71.44% - small entities.

Table No. 1: Registration Decisions broken down by the type of controlled goods

Type of controlled goods	No. of issued Decisions in 2010	%
Weapons and military equipment	7	9.09
Dual-use goods	8	10.39
Weapons, military equipment and dual-use goods	62	80.52
Total:	77	100

Source: Register of entities registered for transfer of controlled goods

#### SECTION 2/10:

Data on issued export licenses for AME, by export destination, broken down by AME NCL

In 2010, **348 licenses** for export of arms and military equipment were issued, in the total value of **US\$ 757.88** million.

**According to the number of issued licenses**, the following destinations turned out to be the most attractive: **USA** (34), **Bulgaria** (34), **Jordan** (29), **Montenegro** (16), **St Kitts and Nevis** (13), **Egypt** (12), **Macedonia** (12), **Romania** (11), **Pakistan** (11), **Iraq** (10), **Israel** (10) and **Thailand** (10). 202 licenses were issued for these 12 destinations, and they account for 58% of the total number of export licenses issued in this period.

AME were exported to 53 destinations, 12 of which through brokering (i.e. every fifth destination was not an end-user country).

In terms of value, the most important export destinations in this period were: USA (US\$ 494 mil.), Iraq (US\$ 116.33 mil.), Bulgaria (US\$ 29.62 mil.), Kenya (US\$ 23.84 mil.), Belgium (US\$ 13.26 mil.), Italy (US\$ 13 mil.), Egypt (US\$ 11.44 mil.), Israel (US\$ 6.41 mil.), Germany (US\$ 5.08 mil.), and Romania (US\$ 4.02 mil.). The total value of exports for the first ten destinations is US\$ 717 million, which is 95% of the total value of issued licenses for arms and military equipment in 2010.

#### SECTION 3/10:

Data on issued import licenses for AME, by import destination, broken down by AME NCL

In 2010, 152 AME import licenses were issued, in the total amount of US\$ 79.65 million.

**Most licenses** were issued for the following destinations: **Bosnia and Herzegovina** (31), **Germany** (18), **Russian Federation** (13), **Austria** (12), **Montenegro** (9), **Bulgaria** (9), **USA** (9), **Italy** (7), **France** (6) and **Slovenia** (5) out of a total of 23 countries from which the goods were imported. These ten destinations account for 119 import licenses, making up 78% of the total number of import licenses issued in this period, indicating a high level of imports from a small number of countries.

In terms of value, the most important import destinations in this period were: **Bulgaria** (US\$ 16.51 mil.), **Bosnia** and Herzegovina (US\$ 15.57 mil.), **Russian Federation** (US\$ 12.08 mil.), **France** (US\$ 7.89 mil.), **Austria** (US\$ 6 mil.), **United Kingdom** (US\$ 4.79 mil.), **Belgium** (US\$ 4.19 mil.), and **Montenegro** (US\$ 3.60 mil.). The total value of the international import deals for all 8 destination amounts to US\$ 70.63 mil., which is 89 % of the value of all licenses issued in this period and shows a higher concentration of imports (from three countries). Arms imports from Bulgaria make up 21% of the total value of import licenses issued, from Bosnia and Herzegovina 20%, from Russian Federation 15% and from France 10%. In 2010, arms and military equipment were imported from 23 destinations, 9 of which through arms brokers.

#### SECTION 4/10:

Data on issued export licenses for DUG, by export destination, broken down by DUG NCL

In 2010, seven licenses were issued for export of dual-use goods, in the value of US\$ 0.30 million.

Dual-use export licenses were issued for the following three destinations: **Slovenia** (4), **Bosnia and Herzegovina** (2) and **Montenegro** (1), without brokering services.

**The value of issued licenses** for export to **Slovenia** amounts to US\$ 0.18 million (or approximately 60% of the total value of issued export licenses), to **Bosnia and Herzegovina** the value of export licenses amounts to US\$ 0.12 million and to **Montenegro** US\$ 0.005 million.

#### SECTION 5/10:

Data on issued import licenses for DUG, by import destination, broken down by DUG NCL

In 2010, **79 import licenses** for dual-use goods were issued, in the total amount of **US\$ 34.93 million**. **Most licenses** were issued for imports from: **Germany** (17), **Czech Republic** (10), **Slovenia** (9), **Austria** (7), **the Netherlands** (6) and **Bulgaria** (6). The licenses were issued for imports from 21 destinations. The number of import licenses, issued for the above-mentioned 6 countries is 55, or 69% of the total number of issued import licenses and shows a high concentration of imports from several countries.

**In terms of value**, the most important import destinations were: **France** (US\$ 24.82 million), **Czech Republic** (US\$ 3.05 million), **Slovenia** (US\$ 2.34 mil.), **Bulgaria** (US\$ 1.28 mil.), **Poland** (US\$ 1.00 million), which account for US\$ 32.49 million or 93% of the value of issued import licenses. The share of imports from France is 71%.

#### **SECTION 6/10<sup>33</sup>**:

Data on a*ctual exports against AME export licenses issued in 2009 and 2010*, and used in 2010, by export destination, broken down by AME NCL

In 2010, the value of actual AME exports amounted to **US\$ 192.64 million**, which amounted to **25%** of the approved exports the value of which was **US\$ 757.88 million**.

**The highest value** of actual exports was to: **USA** (US\$ 49.34 mil.), **Iraq** (US\$ 36 mil.), **Italy** (US\$ 16.50 mil), **Kenya** (US\$ 14.17 mil.), **Belgium** (US\$ 11.46 mil.), and **Bulgaria** (US\$ 10.40 mil.). AME exports to these six countries amount to US\$ 137.87 million, or 72% of the total AME exports in 2010.

#### **SECTION 7/10<sup>34</sup>:**

Data on actual imports against issued AME import licenses, by import destination, broken down by AME NCL

In 2010, the actual imports against AME import licenses amounted to **US\$ 47.04 million**, or **59%** of the approved imports the value of which was **US\$ 79.65 million**.

**The highest value** of actual imports of AME in 2010 was created by imports from: **Bulgaria** (US\$ 11.85 mil. or 25% of the entire imports), **Russian Federation** (US\$ 11.50 mil.), **Austria** (US\$ 5.64 mil.), **France** (US\$ 5.48 mil.), and **Bosnia and Herzegovina** (US\$ 4.92 mil.). The share of AME imports from Bulgaria and Russian Federation is 50% of the entire AME imports in 2010.

#### SECTION 8/10:

Data on actual exports against issued DUG export licenses, by export destination, broken down by DUG NCL

In 2010, the actual exports against issued DUG export licenses amounted to **US\$ 0.15 million**, or **50%** of the approved exports in the amount of **US\$ 0.30 million**.

#### SECTION 9/10:

Data on actual imports against issued DUG import licenses, by import destination, broken down by DUG NCL

The actual DUG imports against issued import licenses in 2010 amounted to **US\$ 30.32 million**, which makes around **87%** of approved imports in the value of **US\$ 34.93 million**.

**The highest value** of actual imports of dual-use goods in 2010 was created by imports from: **France** (US\$ 24.82 mil. or 100% used licenses) **Slovenia** (US\$ 1.31 mil.), and **Poland** (US\$ 1.00 mil.). The share of dual-use imports from France is 71% of the entire imports of DUG in 2010.

<sup>33</sup> Data on actual exports also include data broken down by licenses issued in 2010, but valid and used during 2011.

<sup>34</sup> Ibid.

#### **SECTION 10/10:**

Data on denied applications for AME export licenses, by export destination, broken down by AME NCL

In 2010, 3 applications for export of arms and military equipment were denied, in the total amount of **US\$ 1.41 million**, on the grounds of incomplete documentation of the applicant.

According to the criteria established by virtue of the Decision on Criteria for Licensing Exports of Arms, Military Equipment and Dual-use Goods<sup>35</sup>, which is in total conformity with the EU Code of Conduct on Arms Exports, there were no denied applications for AME exports.

#### **SECTION 11/10:**

Data on denied applications for AME import licenses, by import destination, broken down by AME NCL

In 2010, one application for import of arms and military equipment was denied, in the total amount of **US\$ 0.001 million**. The reason for denial was incomplete documentation.

#### **SECTION 12/10:**

Data on denied applications for DUG export licenses, by export destination, broken down by DUG NCL

There were no denials for export of dual-use goods in 2010.

#### **SECTION 13/10:**

Data on denied applications for DUG import licenses, by import destination, broken down by DUG NCL

In 2010, two applications for import of dual-use goods were denied, in the total amount of **US\$ 0.70 million**. The reason for denial was incomplete documentation.

<sup>35</sup> The Decision was passed on the basis of Article 3, paragraph 2 of the Law and published in the "Official Journal of SCG", no.11/05.



## **APPENDICES**

#### **APPENDIX 1: NATIONAL CONTROL LISTS - STRUCTURAL OVERVIEW**

#### APPENDIX 1.1: EXTRACT FROM THE NATIONAL CONTROL LIST OF ARMS AND MILITARY EQUIPMENT

- 1. Arms and automatic weapons of 12.7 mm caliber (caliber 0.5 inches) or less, accessories and specially designed components for the same.
- 2. Weapons or armament with a caliber greater than 12.7 mm (caliber 0.50 inches), projectors and accessories, and specially designed components for the same.
- 3. Ammunition and specially designed components for weapons controlled under items 1.2 or 12.
- 4. Bombs, torpedoes, rockets, missiles and the related equipment and accessories specially designed for military purposes, and specially designed components for the same.
- 5. Fire control, and related alerting and warning equipment, and related systems and countermeasure equipment, specially designed for military use, and specially designed components and accessories for the same.
- 6. Ground vehicles and their components, specially designed or modified for military use.
- 7. Highly toxic agents, riot control agents, related equipment, components, materials and technology.
- 8. Military explosives and fuels, including propellant charges and similar substances.
- 9. Vessels of war, special naval equipment, accessories, and components specially designed for military use.
- 10. Aircrafts, unmanned airborne vehicles, aero-engines and aircraft equipment, components specially designed or modified for military use.
- 11. Electronic equipment, not specified elsewhere on the EU Common Military List, as follows, and specially designed components for the same.
- 12. High velocity kinetic energy weapon systems and related equipment and special components.
- 13. Armored or protective equipment and their related components.
- 14. Special equipment for military training and simulation of military scenarios, and specially designed components and accessories for the same.
- 15. Imaging or counter-measure equipment and specially designed components and accessories for the same.
- 16. Forgings, castings and other semi-products that can be identified in controlled items by material composition, geometry or function, and which have been specially designed for any products mentioned under items 1 to 4, 6, 9, 10, 12 or 19.
- 17. Miscellaneous equipment, materials and documentation, with their specially designed components.
- 18. Equipment and technology for production of the items listed herein.
- 19. DEW directed energy weapon systems, their test models, their equipment or countermeasure equipment and specially designed components for the same.
- 20. Cryogenic and superconductive equipment, as well as specially designed components and accessories for the same.
- 21. Software.
- 22. Technology in accordance with general technological note on technology for development, production or use of controlled goods listed herein, except for technology referred to under item 7 and item 18.
- 23. Security and paramilitary equipment.

#### APPENDIX 1.2: STRUCTURE OF THE DUAL-USE LIST

The list of dual-use goods and technologies has been broken down into 10 technical categories that have been further divided into five groups.

Every item from the list is marked with a label consisting of: the number of technical category (0-9), group (A-E) and number of international control regime the item is subject to.

#### Technical categories:

- 0 Nuclear materials, facilities and equipment
- 1 Materials, chemicals, "microorganisms" and "toxins"
- 2 Processing of materials
- 3 Electronics
- 4 Computers
- 5 Telecommunications and information security
- 6 Sensors and lasers
- 7 Navigation and avionics
- 8 Marine
- 9 Propulsion systems, space vehicles and related equipment

#### **Groups:**

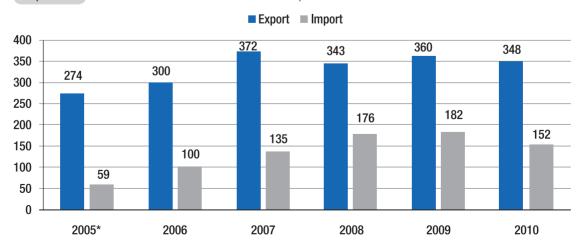
- A Equipment, systems and components
- B Production and test equipment
- C Materials
- D Software
- E Technology

#### Multilateral and unilateral control regimes:

- 000 099 Wassenaar Arrangement
- 100 199 Missile technology control regime
- 200 299 Nuclear suppliers group
- 300 399 Australia group
- 400 499 Chemical Weapons Convention
- 500 599 Reserved
- 600 699 Reserved
- 700 799 Reserved
- 800 899 Reserved
- 900 999 Unilateral control regimes

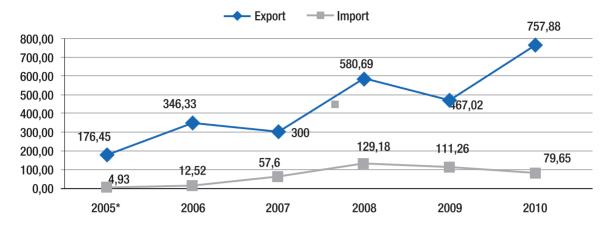
#### **APPENDIX 2: GRAPHS – GRAPHICAL PRESENTATION OF INTERNATIONAL TRANSFERS**

Graph No. 1: Number of issued licenses for AME in the period 2005-2010

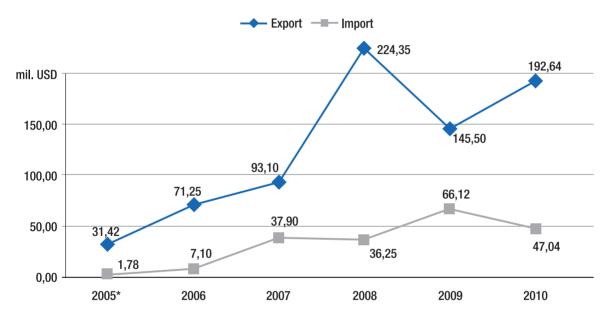


<sup>\*</sup> For 2005, only licenses issued from March 31st till the end of the year have been included in the overview (since the Ministry of International Economic Relations of Serbia and Montenegro had taken over the responsibilities from the Ministry of Defense).

Graph No. 2: Value of issued licenses for AME in the period 2005-2010, in mil. USD



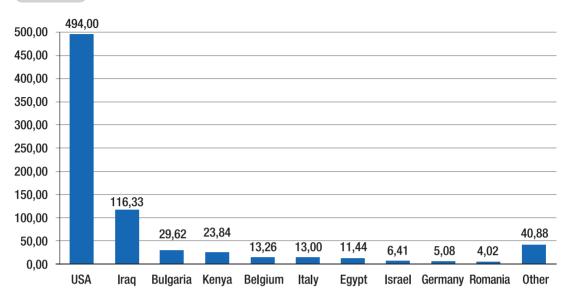
Graph No. 3: Fluctuations in exports and imports of AME in the period 2005-2010, in mil. USD



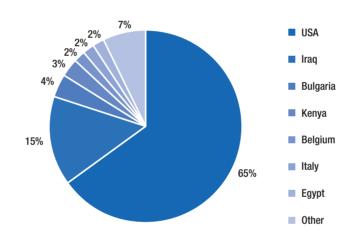
Growth rate of exports of arms and military equipment in the period 2005-2008 exceeds the import growth rate. In 2009, exports fell and imports rose, which is partially due to the world economic crisis. Already in the following year, exports rose to 192.64 million USD, while imports fell to 47.04 million USD. In the period 2005-2010, a surplus of trade balance was reported, with maximum value of 188.1 million USD in 2008.

<sup>\*</sup> For 2005, only licenses issued from March 31st till the end of the year have been included in the overview (since the Ministry of International Economic Relations of Serbia and Montenegro had taken over the responsibilities from the Ministry of Defense).

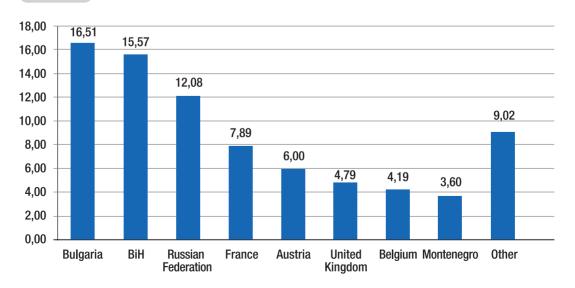
Graph No. 4: Major AME export destinations, in mil. USD



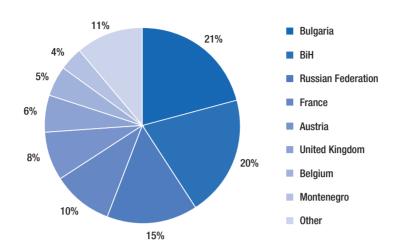
Graph No. 5: Major AME export destinations



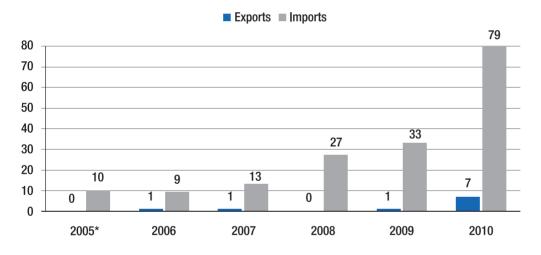
Graph No. 6: Major AME import destinations, in mil. USD



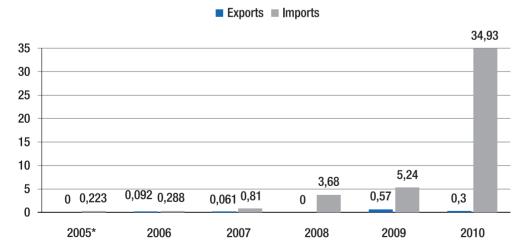
**Appendices** 



Graph No. 8: Number of issued licenses for DUG in the period 2005-2010

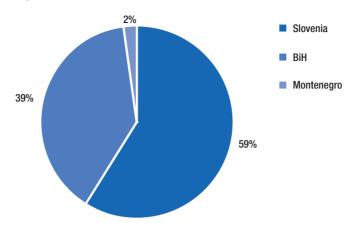


Graph No. 9: Value of issued licenses for DUG in the period 2005-2010, in mil. USD

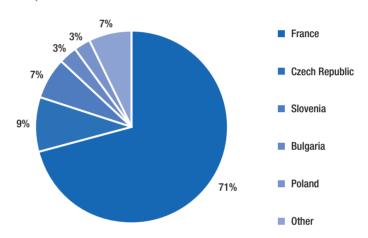


<sup>\*</sup> For 2005, only licenses issued from March 31st to the end of the year have been included in the overview (since the Ministry of International Economic Relations of Serbia and Montenegro had taken over the responsibilities from the Ministry of Defense).

Graph No. 10: Major DUG export destinations



Graph No. 11: Major DUG import destinations



### **APPENDIX 3: ANNEXES - TABLES WITH STATISTICAL DATA ON INTERNATIONAL TRANSFERS**

**ANNEX 1.1/10** 

List of legal entities registered for international transfers of arms, military equipment and dual-use goods in 2010

No.	Name of legal entity	Seat
1.	LIVNICA MAŠINOGRADNJA DOO	KIKINDA
2.	SOFTECH SEE DOO	BELGRADE
3.	FAM AD	KRUŠEVAC
4.	DAMIBA TRADE DOO	BELGRADE
5.	COMTRADE ITSS DOO	BELGRADE
6.	INTER-TRANS TRADE DOO	BELGRADE
7.	OZMOTEK DOO	BELGRADE
8.	HORIZON SYSTEMS	PIROT
9.	ISCO DO0	ZRENJANIN
10.	DCP-HEMIGAL DOO	LESKOVAC
11.	KOMARČEVIĆ DOO	BELGRADE
12.	ZODAX DOO	BELGRADE
13.	SZR ATELJE ENGRAVING ART	KRAGUJEVAC
14.	SIEMENS DOO	BELGRADE
15.	TRAYAL-HEM DOO	KRUŠEVAC

No.	Name of legal entity	Seat
16.	ANMINI KOMERC DOO	BELGRADE
17.	DKS D00	BELGRADE
18.	JUGOSCAN DOO	BELGRADE
19.	MAJKIĆ DOO	INĐIJA
20.	CRONY DOO	BELGRADE
21.	STARTER DOO	PALIĆ, SUBOTICA
22.	UNI-CHEM DOO	BELGRADE
23.	PRENDIS DOO	BELGRADE
24.	DEKRASYS-VORINS DOO	NOVI SAD
25.	ARSENAL-REM DOO	KRALJEV0
26.	S & T SERBIA DOO	BELGRADE
27.	ALEKS ARMOR DOO	POPOVIĆ, BELGRADE
28.	CENTUM DOO	BELGRADE

#### **ANNEX 1.2/10**

List of all legal entities registered for international transfers of arms, military equipment and dual-use goods in the period 2005 - 2010

No.	Name of legal entity	Seat
1.	JUGOIMPORT-SDRP PC (public company)	BELGRADE
2.	ZASTAVA ORUŽJE AD	KRAGUJEVAC
3.	METEOR-STILL DOO	KRAGUJEVAC
4.	KRUŠIK AD	VALJEV0
5.	INTERNATIONAL CG SE (in reconstruction)	BELGRADE
6.	MILAN BLAGOJEVIĆ -DEFENSE AD	LUČANI
7.	MILE DRAGIĆ PRODUCTION DOO	ZRENJANIN
8.	BETRAM EKSPORT-IMPORT DOO	BELGRADE
9.	KIPAL EKSPORT DOO	BELGRADE
10.	MIKRO DOO	BELGRADE
11.	BELOM DOO	BELGRADE
12.	PRVA ISKRA DEFENSE INDUSTRY AD	BARIČ
13.	PRVI PARTIZAN	UŽICE
14.	COFIS DOO EXPORT- IMPORT	BELGRADE
15.	PMC Engineering D00	BELGRADE
16.	REMONT-REMPROM DOO	ČAČAK
17.	SLOBODA AD	ČAČAK
18.	ATOM ELEKTRONIC DOO	BELGRADE
19.	ACORDA INTERNATIONAL DOO	BELGRADE
20.	YUGIT COMPANY DOO	BELGRADE
21.	ASTRA ITB DOO	BELGRADE
22.	J.N.J Export-Import D00	BELGRADE
23.	ELEKTRO INTEREX DOO	BELGRADE
24.	PATRIMONS DOO	BELGRADE
25.	METEL DOO	NOVI SAD
26.	GIM DOO	BELGRADE
27.	CAN-YU DOO	BELGRADE
28.	ČAJAVEC DOO	BELGRADE
29.	DDA-KOMERC DOO	LESKOVAC
30.	JUGOHEMIJA AD	BELGRADE
31.	TENEX&BOLDRINI DOO	SUBOTICA
32.	ORAO DOO	BELGRADE
33.	TROFEJ COMERCE Δ00	BELGRADE

No.	Name of legal entity	Seat
34.	LIVNICA PRECIZNIH ODLIVAKA DOO	ADA
35.	UNI GLOBAL DOO	BELGRADE
36.	CALYPSO GROUP DOO	BELGRADE
37.	G2 MITCHELL ARMS DOO	BELGRADE
38.	RTC DOO	BELGRADE
39.	BAPS DOO	ZRENJANIN
40.	MAG ETROL DOO	BELGRADE
41.	CAPRIOLO DOO	BAČKA TOPOLA
42.	JOMIL DOO	BELGRADE, Baćevac
43.	SSB International Inter Trade D00	BELGRADE
44.	GROF MBM DOO	PETROVAC NA MLAVI
45.	SNAJPER DOO	BELGRADE
46.	METALIJA Export Import D00	BELGRADE
47.	PAMPERO DOO	BELGRADE
48.	PUPIN-TELKOM AD	BELGRADE
49.	BONUM ENGINEERING DOO	BELGRADE
50.	LIVNICA MAŠINOGRADNJA DOO	KIKINDA
51.	SOFTECH SEE DOO	BELGRADE
52.	FAM AD	KRUŠEVAC
53.	DAMIBA TRADE DOO	BELGRADE
54.	COMTRADE ITSS DOO	BELGRADE
55.	INTER-TRANS TRADE DOO	BELGRADE
56.	OZMOTEK DOO	BELGRADE
57.	HORIZON SYSTEMS	PIROT
58.	ISCO DOO	ZRENJANIN
59.	DCP-HEMIGAL DOO	LESKOVAC
60.	KOMARČEVIĆ DOO	BELGRADE
61.	ZODAX DOO	BELGRADE
62.	SZR ATELJE ENGRAVING ART	KRAGUJEVAC
63.	SIEMENS DOO	BELGRADE
64.	TRAYAL- HEM DOO	KRUŠEVAC
65.	ANMINI KOMERC DOO	BELGRADE
66.	DKS DOO	BELGRADE
67.	JUGOSCAN DOO	BELGRADE
68.	MAJKIĆ DOO	INĐIJA
69.	CRONY DOO	BELGRADE
70.	STARTER DOO	PALIĆ, SUBOTICA
71.	UNI- CHEM DOO	BELGRADE
72.	PRENDIS DOO	BELGRADE
73.	DEKRASYS-VORINS DOO	NOVI SAD
74.	ARSENAL-REM DOO	KRALJEVO
75.	S & T SERBIA DOO	BELGRADE
76.	ALEKS ARMOR DOO	POPOVIĆ, BELGRADE
77.	CENTUM DOO	BELGRADE
78.	SPORT DOO	UŽICE
79.	General Trading and Marketing Company DOO	BELGRADE
80.	ADRIATIC STIFADO DOO	BELGRADE
81.	TEHNOREMONT DOO	TEMERIN
82.	DOO SUR TEC	ČAČAK
83.	TIGAR TEHNIČKA GUMA DOO	PIROT
84.	TELEGROUP DOO	BELGRADE
85.	LENS DOO	BELGRADE
86.	IMTEL RTV AD	BELGRADE
87.	BIN COMMERCE DOO	BELGRADE
88.	AC – OPREMA DOO	BELGRADE

No.	Name of legal entity	Seat
89.	EI – OPEK AD	NIŠ
90.	BEL SYSTEMS DOO	BELGRADE
91.	BMA TRADING DOO	BELGRADE
92.	VEMUS AUTOCOMMERCE DOO	BELGRADE
93.	NETSET GLOBAL SOLUTIONS DOO	BELGRADE
94.	MITEC DOO	BELGRADE
95.	SARTING DOO	BELGRADE
96.	IBIS – INSTRUMENTS DOO	BELGRADE
97.	AVIO GAMMA – PLUS DOO	BELGRADE
98.	GRAND MOTORS DOO	BELGRADE
99.	INEKS – LORIS AD	BELGRADE
100.	MTT INFIZ DOO	BELGRADE
101.	MILOVIĆ – UNIVERZAL DOO	VRBAS
102.	DEMAX EXPORT IMPORT DOO	BELGRADE
103.	DIPEKS DOO	BELGRADE
104.	HARDER DIGITAL DOO	BELGRADE
105.	PARTIZAN ARMS DOO	BELGRADE
106.	VALMEKS DOO	BELGRADE
107.	DOO AGROPROGRES	BELGRADE
108.	INSTITUTE OF NUCLEAR SCIENCES VINČA	BELGRADE
109.	POLYESTER GRUPA DOO	PRIBOJ
110.	GALENIKA FITOFARMACIJA AD	BELGRADE
111.	MIL GROUP DOO	BELGRADE
112.	UČA INTERNATIONAL DOO	VRŠAC
113.	FARMALOGIST DOO	BELGRADE
114.	TELCOM DOO	BELGRADE
115.	AD RUDNIK I FLOTACIJA RUDNIK	RUDNIK
116.	CPS-CAD PROFESSIONAL SYSTEMS DOO	BELGRADE
117.	TERI ENGINEERING DOO	BELGRADE
118.	PREDUZEĆE NOVOS DOO	BELGRADE
119.	SIMPO-DEKOR DOO	VRANJE
120.	SUPER HUNT DOO	LAJKOVAC
121.	NEOCHIMIKI DOO	BELGRADE
122.	CENTROHEM DOO	STARA PAZOVA
123.	PUPIN TELECOM DATACOM DOO	BELGRADE
124.	JUGOELEKTRO TAD	BELGRADE
125.	DAM-MONT DOO	STENJEVAC, Dvorište
126.	FLIGHT CONTROL AGENCY OF SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO DOO	BELGRADE
127.	SUPER TANE DOO	SREMSKA KAMENICA
128.	PROTECT ENG DOO	UMKA
129.	JUVELA DOO	BELGRADE
130.	FLINT GROUP BALKAN DOO	GORNJI MILANOVAC
131.	KRUPNIK DOO	BELGRADE
132.	SORINA DOO	SREMSKA KAMENICA
133.	MRG EXPORT- IMPORT DOO	BELGRADE
134.	IRITEL AD BELGRADE	BELGRADE
135.	MERIDIAN COMMUNICATIONS DOO	BELGRADE
136.	LEAD AND ZINK MINE MAJDAN DOO	LJUBOVIJA, Uzovnica

ANNEX 2: ISSUED EXPORT LICENCES FOR ARMS AND MILITARY EQUIPMENT

10N OF 18	NUMBER CAME) 3; 2; 1 1; 3	VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT	END-USER	TYPE OF
	3; 2; 1			(SIIIS)	7 NOOO	END-USER <sup>3</sup>
	1;3	2,302,933.94	Mine; grenade launcher; sniper; ammunition	54809 PCS	Algeria	Σ
	1; 3	45,909.15	Hunting carbine; hunting and sports weapons	103 PCS	Argentina	C
		1,052,098.46	Hunting carbine; spare parts; rounds; ammunition; long-range rifle; non-primed cartridge; pistol; small caliber rifle	2100131 PCS	Australia	C; M
4. Austria	1; 3; 6; 4	2,285,164.18	Service; automatic rifle; pistol; ammunition; submachine gun; cylinder block; smoke-emitting bomb; banger	43853 PCS	Egypt; Austria; USA	C; M
5. Bangladesh 5	2; 3; 4; 1	2,075,630.22	Howitzer equipment; mine; ammunition; accessories; primer; percussion cap; binocular telescope; pistol; delayer	456019 PCS	Bangladesh	Σ
6. Bahrain 1	13	125,218.87	Ballistic plate; ballistic vest; helmet	360 PCS	Bahrain	Σ
7. Belgium 8	3; 8	13,258,488.67	Ammunition; rounds; primed cartridge; gunpowder	43906500 PCS; 64000 KG	Belgium	Σ
8. Bosnia and Herzegovina	1; 3; 4	563,367.91	Service; hunting carbine; ammunition; pistol; revolver; small-caliber rifle; spare parts; hunting rifle; combined hunting rifle; fuse activation device; tools	1163119 PCS; 2 SETS	BİH	M; C
9. Bulgaria 34	8; 2; 1; 6; 13; 3; 16;	29,615,077.50	Gunpowder; portable launcher; semi-automatic rifle; long-range rifle, tank, automatic grenade launcher; automatic rifle; hard body armor plate; pressed projectile body; hunting and sports weapons; spare parts; ammunition; sniper rifle; submachine gun; mine; pistol; propellant charge; explosive; phlegmatized octogene; pyrotechnic compound; MGS-54 compound; hexotol	160010 SETS; 10173927 PCS; 294900 KG	Bulgaria; USA; Tajikistan; Cambodia, Iraq	Q; C
10. Guatemala 4	1;3	498,516.87	Pistol magazine; ammunition; pistol; rifle; magazine	2480150 PCS	Guatemala	M; C
11. Greenland	-	62,551.22	Hunting and sports weapons	162 PCS	Greenland	C
12. Denmark	-	38,381.74	Hunting carbine; magazine; small-calibre rifle	142 PCS	Denmark	O

			Annex 2	Annex 2: Issued export licences for arms and military equipment			
EXPORT DESTINATION	NUMBER OF ISSUED LICENSES	NUMBER FROM NCL (AME)	VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT UNITS)	END-USER COUNTRY	TYPE OF END-USER <sup>3</sup>
13. Egypt	12	2; 11; 17; 22; 8; 3; 4; 7; 6	11,435,232.46	Spare parts; service; ammunition dismantle devices; technical/technological documentation; training; workshop equipment; pyrotechnics; craft paper tube; mine; cellulose cup; M2E mask; propellant charge; rocket; primer; PA filter	651 SETS; 270650 PCS	Egypt	≥
14. Israel	10	3; 16; 4	6,414,687	Primed cartridge; ammunition; precise castings; ejection lever	22550490 PCS	Israel; Senegal; Turkmenistan; India	M; C
15. India	-	က	24,500	Ammunition	94000 PCS	India	ပ
16. Indonesia	2	-	10,692	Pistols; spare parts	459 PCS	Indonesia	Σ
17. Iraq	10	13; 3; 4; 5; 15; 2; 10; 14; 1; 12	116,328,000	Pilot helmets; ammunition; service; gondola can- non; co-pilot; thermo-vision system; rocket launcher; rocket; pilot parachute; aircraft LASTA 95; helicopter weapons carrier; MALJUTKA trainer; machine gun; launching and guiding system	1754124 PCS	Iraq	Σ
18. Italy	4	& :::	12,952,367.29	Ammunition; primed cartridge; non-primed cartridge; tracer; projectile; rounds; gunpowder	39656889 PCS; 50000 KG	Italy	M; C
19. Jordan	29	1; 3; 13	2,942,122.06	Rifle; ammunition; submachine gun; ammunition belt; pistol; ammunition belt feeding system; machine gun; automatic rifle; spare parts; optical sight; spare ammo clip; ammunition box; hunting carbine; sniper rifle; magazine; ballistic vest; ballistic plate; helmet	3488765 PCS	Jordan; Afghanistan; Iraq	M; C
20. Canada	2	-	95,722.80	Pistol; hunting carbine	560 PCS	Canada	ပ
21. Kenya	2	2; 6; 5; 3	23,841,911.04	Accessories; truck; battery fire control system; logistics vehicle; projectile; self-propelled cannon; special vehicle	5 SETS; 3135 PCS	Kenya	Σ
22. Cyprus	9	18; 3; 2; 1	1,230,341.94	Equipment; measurement equipment; ammunition feed; automatic grenade launcher; submachine gun; underslung grenade launcher; ammunition; automatic rifle	17763 PCS; 2000 PCS	Cyprus; Equatorial Guinea	Σ
23. Kuwait	-	-	810	Automatic rifle	3 PCS	Kuwait	Σ
24. Libya	က	10	2,405,863	Service; explosive charges; pilot parachute	12 SETS; 20 PCS	Libya	≥

			Annex 2	Annex 2: Issued export licences for arms and military equipment			
EXPORT DESTINATION	NUMBER OF ISSUED LICENSES	NUMBER FROM NCL (AME)	VALUE (USD)²	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT UNITS)	END-USER COUNTRY	TYPE OF END-USER <sup>3</sup>
25. Hungary	-	∞	698,617.50	Gunpowder	50000 KG	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Σ
26. Macedonia	12	3; 1; 7; 10	989,292.35	Service; spare parts; ammunition; protection mask; small caliber rifle; hunting carbine; flash hand grenade; smoke hand grenade; hunting rifle; pistol magazine; pistol barrel; pistol; lock retainer clip; mine; personal gas filter; revolver	3000 SETS; 910040 PCS; 250 PR	Macedonia	Q; C
27. Namibia	2	3; 1	242,225.19	Ammunition; rounds; unprimed cartridge; small caliber rifle; hunting carbine	639600 PCS	Namibia	၁
28. Germany	2	က	5,079,586.63	Ammunition; rounds; unprimed cartridge	22598500 PCS	Germany	O
29. New Zealand	က	1; 3	371,785.83	Small caliber rifle; hunting carbine; spare parts; ammunition	770654 PCS	New Zealand	၁
30. Norway	2	က	330,040.21	Ammunition; rounds; unprimed cartridge	984600 PCS	Norway	S
31. Pakistan	1	1; 3; 4	291,663.48	Magazine; pistol; spare parts; hunting carbine; small caliber rifle; fuze; ammunition; rocket engine; rocket warhead	131620 PCS	Pakistan	C;
32. Peru	2	က	2,708,025.30	Shells	25585 PCS	Peru	Σ
33. Portugal	2	-	26,460.97	Hunting carbine	53 PCS	Mozambique; Portugal	၁
34. Romania	1	3; 1; 8	4,019,981.89	Cap; celluloid plate for additional gunpowder charges; hunting carbine; ammunition; small caliber rifle; gunpowder	87620 PCS; 290000 KG	Romania	M; C
35. Russian Federation	2	က	57,701.03	Ammunition	132000 PCS	Russian Federation	Σ
36. St. Kitts and Nevis	13	& .;;	3,700,811.10	Primary charge; detonator; ammunition; propellant charge; gunpowder	4876600 PCS; 149610 KG	Israel; Nigeria; Cameroon; Tanzania; Austria; Belgium	M; C
37. Singapore	2	3; 1	982,709.04	Ammunition; sniper rifle	16191 PCS	Indonesia	≥

EXPORTING LOGISSIED         NUMBER POW MICH. PROM MICH. PROM MICH. DESCRIPTION OF GOODS         NAME PROM MICH. PROM MICH. DESCRIPTION OF GOODS         MACKSURGMENT IN TOTAL STATE AND ADDRESS ARE ADDRESS AND				Annex 2	Annex 2: Issued export licences for arms and military equipment			
34   3, 1; 2   493,991,821.86   machine gun; rounds; uprimed cartridge; rifle; primed artridge; allocating greated launcher; pistol; semi-artridge; allocating greated launcher; spare parts; small caliber rifle; long-range rifle; lon	EXPORT DESTINATION	NUMBER OF ISSUED LICENSES	NUMBER FROM NCL (AME)	VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT UNITS)	END-USER COUNTRY	TYPE OF END-USER <sup>3</sup>
1; 3; 2   216,130.24   Hurting carbine; spare parts; ammunition; pistol;   10110 PCS	38. United States of America	34	3; 1; 2	493,991,821.86	Service; ammunition; automatic rifle; submachine-gun; machine gun; rounds; unprimed cartridge; rifle; primed cartridge; automatic grenade launcher; pistol; semiautomatic rifle; hunting carbine; mine; magazines; carbines; cross-section of a mine; under slung grenade launcher; spare parts; sniper rifle; long-range rifle	1988713433 PCS	Afghanistan; United States of America; Ecuador; Chile; Canada; Iraq	M; C
7         1; 3; 4         1,071,571.26 primed cartridge; rounds; smoke hand grenade; rifle; magatine; practice busting bomb; pistol; automatic rifle; small caliber rifle; incendiary compound         1988713433 KD           10         3; 2         3,551,576.45         Ammunition; sights; shock and flash hand grenade; moke hand grenade; moke hand grenade; moke hand grenade; smoke hand grenade; submachine-gun; spare parts; ac.         2398076 PCS           1         3         20,367.69         Ammunition; long-range rifle; pistol; automatic rifle; smoker         12806800 PCS; shoot PCS           8         3; 8         1,960,134         Rounds; primed cartridge; shell; mine; gunpowder         12806800 PCS; igniter           8         3; 13         1,594,245.14         Ammunition; rounds; bullet-proof vest; set of ballistics         2359000 PCS           2         1         93,000         Pistol; small caliber rifle         450 KD	39. Slovak Republic	4	1; 3; 2	216,130.24	Hunting carbine; spare parts; ammunition; pistol; automatic grenade launcher; small caliber rifle	10110 PCS	Slovak Republic; Central African Republic	C; M
10         3; 2         3,551,576.45         Ammunition; sights; shock and flash hand grenade.         108775 PCS           1         4         306,415         Service; rocket model         1 PC           1         4         306,415         Service; rocket model         1 PC           1         3         20,367.69         Ammunition; long-range rifle; pistol; automatic rifle; cessories; unprimed cartridge         2398076 PCS           6         3; 8         1,960,134         Ammunition         74000 PCS           8         3; 1         660,799.41         Lipsine rifle; pistol; mine; gunpowder         12806800 PCS; rounds; hunting carbine; lighter           8         5         3; 13         1,594,245.14         Ammunition; rounds; bullet-proof vest; set of ballistics         2867050 PCS           2         1         93,000         Pistol; small caliber rifle ammunition         450 KD           4         3         276,166.82         Ammunition         816000 PCS	40. Slovenia	7	1; 3; 4	1,071,571.26	Spare parts; barrel and trigger mechanism; ammunition; primed cartridge; rounds; smoke cartridge; primer; hunting carbine, semi-automatic rifle; magazine; practice bursting bomb; pistol; automatic rifle; small caliber rifle; incendiary compound	1988713433 KD	Slovenia	Ö;
1         4         306,415         Service; rocket model         1 PC           9         1; 3         617,064.02         sniper rifle; rounds; submachine-gun; spare parts; accessories; unprimed cartridge         2398076 PCS           1         3         20,367.69         Ammunition         74000 PCS           6         3; 8         1,960,134         Rounds; primed cartridge; shell; mine; gunpowder         12806800 PCS; 15120 KG           8         3; 13         1,594,245.14         Ammunition; rounds; bullet-proof vest; set of ballistics         2867050 PCS           2         1         93,000         Pistol; small caliber rifle ammunition         450 KD           4         3         276,166.82         Ammunition         Pistol; small caliber rifle	41. Thailand	10	3; 2	3,551,576.45	Ammunition; sights; shock and flash hand grenade; shock hand grenade; smoke hand grenade	108775 PCS	Thailand	Σ
9         1; 3         Ammunition; long-range rifle; pistol; automatic rifle; counds; submachine-gun; spare parts; accessories; unprimed cartridge         20,367.69         Ammunition         74000 PCS           1         3         20,367.69         Ammunition         74000 PCS           4         8; 3; 1         660,799.41         Rounds; primed cartridge; shell; mine; gunpowder 1512.0 KG         15806800 PCS; 1512.0 KG           s         5         3; 13         1,594,245.14         Ammunition; rounds; bullet-proof vest; set of ballistics plate against rifle ammunition         3259000 PCS           2         1         93,000         Pistol; small caliber rifle         450 KD           4         3         276,166.82         Ammunition         816000 PCS	42. Turkey	-	4	306,415	Service; rocket model	1 PC	Turkey	Σ
1         3         20,367.69         Ammunition         74000 PCS           6         3; 8         1,960,134         Rounds; primed cartridge; shell; mine; gunpowder         12806800 PCS; 15120 KG           4         8; 3; 1         660,799.41         unprimed cartridge; ammunition; gas-generator block inprimed cartridge; plate against rifle ammunition         2867050 PCS           2         1         93,000         Pistol; small caliber rifle         450 KD           4         3         276,166.82         Ammunition         816000 PCS	43. United Kingdom	6	1; 3	617,064.02	Ammunition; long-range rifle; pistol; automatic rifle; sniper rifle; rounds; submachine-gun; spare parts; accessories; unprimed cartridge	2398076 PCS	United Kingdom	Σ
6         3; 8         1,960,134         Rounds; primed cartridge; shell; mine; gunpowder 15120 KG 15120 KG         12806800 PCS; 15120 KG           8; 3; 1         660,799.41         unprimed cartridge; ammunition; gas-generator block igniter         2867050 PCS           5         3; 13         1,594,245.14         Ammunition; rounds; bullet-proof vest; set of ballistics gainst rifle ammunition         3259000 PCS           2         1         93,000         Pistol; small caliber rifle         450 KD           4         3         276,166.82         Ammunition         816000 PCS	44. Ukraine	-	3	20,367.69	Ammunition	74000 PCS	Ukraine	Σ
4 8; 3; 1 660,799.41 unprimed cartridge; ammunition; gas-generator block inprimed cartridge; ammunition; gas-generator block signifier as 3; 13 1,594,245.14 Ammunition; rounds; bullet-proof vest; set of ballistics and panels; plate against rifle ammunition 450 KD 816000 PCS	45. Uruguay	9	3; 8	1,960,134	Rounds; primed cartridge; shell; mine; gunpowder	12806800 PCS; 15120 KG	Ecuador; Chile; Columbia	Σ
s       3; 13       1,594,245.14       Ammunition; rounds; bullet-proof vest; set of ballistics       3259000 PCS         2       1       93,000       Pistol; small caliber rifle       450 KD         4       3       276,166.82       Ammunition       816000 PCS	46. France	4	8; 3; 1	660,799.41	Gas-generator block; rounds; hunting carbine; unprimed cartridge; ammunition; gas-generator block igniter	2867050 PCS	France	M; C
2 1 93,000 Pistol; small caliber rifle 450 KD 4 3 276,166.82 Ammunition 816000 PCS	47. Netherlands	വ	3; 13	1,594,245.14	Ammunition; rounds; bullet-proof vest; set of ballistics panels; plate against rifle ammunition	3259000 PCS	Netherlands	M; C
4 3 276,166.82 Ammunition 816000 PCS	48. Hong Kong	2	-	93,000	Pistol; small caliber rifle	450 KD	Pakistan	O
	49. Croatia	4	က	276,166.82	Ammunition	816000 PCS	Croatia	M; C

			Annex 2:	: Issued export licences for arms and military equipment			
EXPORT DESTINATION	NUMBER OF ISSUED LICENSES	NUMBER FROM NCL (AME)	VALUE (USD)²	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT UNITS)	END-USER COUNTRY	TYPE 0F END-USER <sup>3</sup>
50. Montenegro	16	8; 3; 4; 1	3,394,866.09	Powder charge; gunpowder; mine; hand grenade; smoke cartridge; smoke-emitting bomb; practice bursting bomb; ammunition; spare parts; semiautomatic rifle; hunting carbine; rocket fuel; primer; ramrods	600 SETS; 2170976 PCS; 4292 KG	Montenegro; Philippines; Ukraine	M; C
51. Czech Republic	က	3; 1; 13	567,665.22	Ammunition; hunting carbine; ballistic plate	682519 PCS	Czech Republic	M; C
52. Switzerland	က	3; 8	324,181.14	Ammunition; gunpowder	1007000 PCS; 1800 KG	Switzerland	IJ
53. Spain	2	3; 1	125,094.10	125,094.10 Ammunition; carbine; rounds; unprimed cartridge	684468 PCS	Spain	ပ
TOTAL	348		757,875,587.29				

Note: 40 licenses were issued for temporary and tax-free AME exports.

<sup>1</sup> For the period between 1 January and 31 December 2010 (temporary and tax-free export excluded).
<sup>2</sup> The value in USD (calculated according to the official exchange rate of NBS on 31 December 2010).
<sup>3</sup> Type of end-user: S – state; M – military; C – civilian.

ANNEX 3: ISSUED IMPORT LICENSES FOR ARMS AND MILITARY EQUIPMENT

Annex 3: Issue NUMBER FROM NCL (AME)  Cof ISSUED (AME)  LICENSES  11; 3; 8 4,187,446.97 Rad 10; 1; 6 1; 6 10; 1; 6 10; 6 10; 1; 6 10; 6 10; 1; 6 10; 6 10; 1; 6 10; 6 10; 1; 6 10; 6 10; 6 10; 6 10; 7	sed import licenses for arms and military equipment	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS QUANTITY (IN MEAS- COUNTRY OF TYPE OF UREMENT UNITS) ORIGIN END-USER <sup>3</sup>	Radio reconnaissance station; hunting carbine; spare parts; spare ammo clip; revolver; pistol; ammunition; 1 SET; 11273 PCS Austria; Germany M; C magazine	Spare ammo clip; hunting carbine; ammunition; auto- 15717 PCS; 266000 Belgium C; M C; M	ire parts; optical sights 1 SET; 300 PCS Belarus M; C	Service; spare parts; overhaul/technical documentation; training; workshop equipment; group crypto protection equipment; primer; rounds; primary charge; detonator; ammunition; sights; cap; booster; optical sight, detonating cap; forging; motor; electric blasting cap; crypto device spare parts; centrifugal compressor; electric cap	Shell case forging; fuze; ammunition; propellant; para- 2482103 PCS Bulgaria M; C chute target; projectile; shell	ol; spare ammo clip C	munition 6000 PCS USA M	Controller with a convertor; ceramic plates; aramid 251 PCS; 480 M2 Israel M	re parts; rifle; hunting carbine; spare ammo clip; 37000149 PCS Italy C; M	cogen 3200 KG Albania M	Smoke cartridge; smoke-emitting bomb 36800 PCS Macedonia M	Spare parts; ammunition; hunting carbine; semi-automatic matic carbine; Mauser system rifle; rifle; semi-automatic rifle, automatic rifle, laser, spare rifle butt; accessories;  G: M
AUMBER NUMBER (AME)  12	nnex 3: Issued import licenses for an					Serv tion; proti deto sigh cap; elec		73.18 Pistol; spare ammo clip	Amı		Spa	78.29 Hexogen		
a a	A							1 43,8						
MPORT DESTINATION 1. Austria 2. Belgium 3. Belarus 4. Bosnia and Herzegovin Herzegovin 5. Bulgaria 6. Greece 7. Denmark 8. Israel 10. Hungary 11. Macedoni 11. Germany		MPORT OF ISSUED DESTINATION LICENSES	12	ιC	2	4. Bosnia and Herzegovina	6	-	-	2	2	,-	11. Macedonia 2	

			Annex 3:	Issued import licenses for arms and military equipment			
IMPORT DESTINATION	NUMBER OF ISSUED LICENSES	NUMBER FROM NCL (AME)	VALUE (USD)²	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	QUANTITY (IN MEAS- UREMENT UNITS)	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	TYPE OF END-USER <sup>3</sup>
14. Russian Federation	13	10; 1; 5; 11; 2	12,078,749	Service; right console wing; hunting carbine; pistol; mobile set; spare parts; combined hunting rifle; single-axis gyroscope; aircraft tyres	3198 KD	Russian Federation	M; C
15. United States of America	6	1; 11; 3; 21; 8	1,759,891.44	Pistol; portable radio devices; rounds; vehicle radio devices; spare ammo clip; tactical rails; components; small calibre rifle; biped; ammunition; hunting carbine; software; gunpowder	84455 PCS; 81000 KG	United States of America	C; M
16. Slovenia	2	18; 3; 1; 8	1,134,358.91	Accessories; feed; pistols; hunting carbine; spare parts; gunpowder	1 SET; 13000003 PCS; 1050 KG	Slovenia; Germany	M; C
17. United Kingdom	4	1; 15	4,790,976.45	Picatinny rail; carbines; set of search cameras; thermovision system; handle	281 PCS	Israel; United Kingdom; Germany; Finland; Austria; USA; Japan	M; C
18. Ukraine	က	2; 3	2,471,511.88	Components and accessories; ammo shells; service	24 SETS; 33960 PCS	Ukraine	Σ
19. France	9	15; 11; 21; 3; 10	7,887,979.96	Service; thermo-vision camera; examination tools; software; ATS 8 configuration; link; ammunition feed; spare parts; MAS 20 configuration	80 SETS; 42001366 PCS	France	M; C
20. Croatia	-	-	300	Hunting rifle	1 PC	Germany	O
21. Montenegro	6	22; 10; 6; 2; 1; 4; 8	3,601,600.43	Overhaul/technical documentation; explosive cartridges; workshop equipment; spare parts; anti-air cannon; explosive charges and rocket engine; self-propelled launcher equipment; rifle; pistol; service; rocket; semi-automatic rifle; ammonium perchlorate	13 SETS; 10799 PCS; 500 KG	Montenegro; Serbia	M; C
22. Czech Republic	2	18; 1; 3	271,437.56	Measurement equipment; mine; pistol; hunting carbine; spare parts; ammunition	133817PCS	Czech Republic	M; C
23. Spain	က	1;3	73,148.25	Heavy rifle barrel; ammunition feed; primed cartridge; ammunition; spare parts	3112 PCS	Spain	M; C

Note: 36 licenses were issued for temporary and tax-free AME imports.

79,647,989.89

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 $^{1}$  For the period between 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010 (temporary and tax free import excluded).  $^{2}$  The value in USD (calculated according to the official exchange rate of NBS on 31 December 2010).  $^{3}$  Type of end-user: S – state; M – military, C – civilian.

### ANNEX 4: ISSUED EXPORT LICENSES FOR DUAL-USE GOODS1

IMPORT DESTINATION	NUMBER OF ISSUED LICENSES	NUMBER FROM NCL (DUG)	VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	QUANTITY (IN MEAS- UREMENT UNITS)	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	TYPE OF END-USER <sup>3</sup>
1. Bosnia and Herzegovina	2	5A002; 1C239	115,045.67	Software; PETN (pentaerythritoltetranitrate)	6 PCS; 12000 KG	Bosnia and Herzegovina	c; s
2. Slovenia	4	1A005	175,836.04	Service; ballistic vest	438 PCS	Slovenia	O
3. Montenegro	-	1C351; 1C350	5,674.62	Aflotoxin; Ochratoxin B; cyanide; fluoride	2011 ML	Montenegro	O

296,556.33	ote: 1 license was issued for temporary and tax-free DUG exports.
7	ssued for temporary
TOTAL	Note: 1 license was i

<sup>1</sup> For the period between 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010 (temporary and tax free export excluded). <sup>2</sup> The value in USD (calculated according to the official exchange rate of NBS on 31 December 2010). <sup>3</sup> Type of end-user: S – state; M – military; C – civilian.

ANNEX 5: ISSUED IMPORT LICENSES FOR DUAL-USE GOODS1

LICENSES   FRG				OLIANTITY /IN		
9	NUMBER FROM NCL (DUG)	VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT UNITS)	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	TYPE OF END-USER <sup>3</sup>
350	6A102; 1C350; 1C 350; 1C350- 16	295,956.19	Radiological detector; triethanolamine; ammonium bifluo- ride; dimethylamine	9 PCS; 103000 KG	USA; Germany; Romania	O
38.	3A232; 3A 232	447,498.44	Service; electric detonators; electric fuze; detonating cap	329800 PCS	Bosnia and Herzegovina	O
321-58	28001; 1C111a; 1C239; 1C111 a; 3A229	1,278,328.97	Automatic lathe; zirconium; plastic explosive; detonating cord	1 PC; 600305 KG; 400000 M	Germany; Bulgaria; Russian Federation; Spain	C; M
	10350	17,261.84	Triethanolamine	5520 KG	Germany	Σ
ũ	5A001b	452,353	Installation kit; radio station aerial; radio station; KFS control box	73 PCS	NSA	Σ
2	5B001a	99,802.50	3G phone detector	1 PC	Israel	O
1	1C35046	3,856.37	Triethanolamine	460 KG	Italy	C
103 350 350 40; 10	1C230; 1C350; 1C351 d; 1C 350; 1C350 40; 7A105; 1C111 a; 0C003; 1C 230; 1C 35024;	332,198	Laboratory reagent; aflatoxin; chemicals; potassium cyanide; transmitter; ammonium hydrogen difluoride; zirconium; hydrofluoric acid; triethanolamine; sodium fluoride; Deuterium Oxide Deuteration; filter material; cyanide; fluoride; ochratoxin B	1 SET; 1050 G; 1 PC; 31921 KG; 33 LT; 3600 M; 2014 ML	Germany; Austria; United Kingdom	∑ .:
4/	4A 001b	1,003,994.52	Tempest switch; Tempest POWER FILTER; Tempest portable computer; Tempest computer; Tempest Isser printer	268 PCS	Poland	O
_	10239	526.96	High explosive	400 KG	Romania	C
21	5B001a	199,605	Testing system	1 PC	Singapore	O

			A	Annex 5: Issued import licenses for dual-use goods			
IMPORT DESTINATION	NUMBER OF ISSUED LICENSES	NUMBER FROM NCL (DUG)	VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT UNITS)	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	TYPE OF END-USER <sup>3</sup>
12. Slovenia	6	1B115; 1C002b4a; 1C350	2,343,217.32	Mixer; knife; aluminum bar; hydrofluoric acid; sodium- cyanide salt; AW 2011 –Impol D50 alloy; potassium- cyanide	4 PCS; 348250 KG	Slovenia; Germany	C; M
13. United Kingdom	-	2B207a	7,651.02	7,651.02 Water cannon	1 PC	United Kingdom	O
14. Finland	-	6A102	58,054.32	Radiological detector	15 PCS	Finland	ပ
15. France	4	6D003d; 6000	24,822,469.28	Service; software; software and hardware	3 PCS; 1025 KG	France; Germany	O
16. Netherlands	9	1C350; 6A003b; 1C350 43; 1C350	99,306.91	Potassium cyanide; thermo-vision camera; sodium- fluoride; triethanolamine; sodium fluoride; hydrogen- fluoride	100 G; 10 PCS; 5007 KG; 6 LT	Netherlands; USA; Spain; Germany	Č;
17. Croatia	-	1C002b4a	36,516.14	Aluminum bar	6267 KG	Croatia	S
18. Montenegro	-	3A 229a	50,566.60	Detonating cord	200000 M	India	ပ
19. Czech Republic	10	7A005; 3A 232; 7A002; 1C350; 1C 350	3,050,480.73	Height encoder; non-electric detonator; electric detonator; installation set; course indicator; navigation system; radio compass; aero-gyro-horizon; turn and slide indicator; compensator; KSG gyro-directional; magnetic detector; sodium-cyanide; sodium-cyanide briquettes; triethanolamine	2250360 PCS; 52200 KG; 76 TN	USA; Czech Republic; Poland	M; C
20. Switzerland	က	1C239; 1C450b	127,277.27	PETN (pentaerythritoltetranitrate); BEZAFLAM SFM	21280 KG	Germany; Switzerland	O
21. Sweden	-	1C002b4a	203,597.10	203,597.10 Aluminum bar	41000 KG	Russian Federation	ပ

9	
34,930,518.4	
62	
TOTAL	

Note: For temporary and tax free import of dual-use goods 3 licenses were issued.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For the period between 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010 (temporary and tax free import excluded). <sup>2</sup> The value in USD (calculated according to the official exchange rate of NBS on 31 December 2010). <sup>3</sup> Type of end-user: S – state; M – military; C – civilian.

ANNEX 6: ACTUAL EXPORTS OF ARMS AND MILITARY EQUIPMENT

ment	OUANTITY (IN END-USER TYPE OF COUNTRY END-USER4 UNITS)	rifle; 54809 PCS Algeria M	oorting 103 PCS Argentina C	mmuni- nprimed 2100131 PCS Australia C; M file	ammuni- block; 43853 PCS Egypt; Austria; USA C; M nger	munition; 456019 PCS Bangladesh M	; helmet 360 PCS Bahrain M	rtridge; 43906500 PCS; Belgium M 64000 KG	Inition; 1163119 PCS; 2 Bosnia and C; M Herzegovina C; M	semi- ; tank; trank; trank; d projec- 160010 SETS; d projec- 10173927 PCS; r rifle; 294900 KG Cambodia; Iraq d oxog- GS-54	
				_						_	
	QUANTITY MEASUREM UNITS)	54809 PC	103 PCS			<u></u>				o.k. t	2480150 PCS
Annex 6: Actual exports of arms and military equipment	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	Mine; grenade launcher; sniper rifle; ammunition	Hunting carbine; hunting and sporting weapons	Hunting carbine; spare parts; ammunition; rounds; long-range rifle; unprimed cartridge; pistol; small caliber rifle	Service; automatic rifle; pistol; ammunition; submachine gun; cylinder block; smoke-emitting bomb; bear-banger	Howitzer equipment; mine; ammunition; accessories; cap; percussion cap; antitank telescope; pistol; delayer	Ballistic panel; bullet-proof vest; helmet	Ammunition; rounds; primed cartridge; gunpowder	Service; hunting carbine; ammunition; pistol; revolver; small caliber rifle; spare parts; hunting rifle; combined hunting rifle; fuze activation device; tools	Gunpowder; portable launcher; semi- automatic rifle; long-range rifle; tank; automatic grenade launcher; automatic rifle; hard ballistic plate; pressed projec- tile body; hunting and sports weapons; spare parts; ammunition; sniper rifle; submachine gun; mine; pistol; propellant charge; explosive; phlegmatized oxog- ene; pyrotechnic compound; MGS-54 compound; hexotol	Pistol magazines; pistol; ammunition;
Annex 6: Actual exp	VALUE OF EXPORT <sup>3</sup> (USD)	2,252,943.94	45,909.15	668,693.08*	1,325,282.51*	4,915,224.57*	125,218.87	11,461,551.93*	558,691.23*	10,391,119.67*	416 728 50
	VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	2,302,933.94	45,909.15	1,052,098.46	2,285,164.18	2,075,630.22	125,218.87	13,258,488.67	563,367.91	29,615,077.50	498 516 87
	NUMBER FROM NCL (AME)	3; 2; 1	-	1; 3	1; 3; 6; 4	2; 3; 4; 1	13	3; 8	1; 3; 4	8; 2; 1; 6; 13; 3; 16;	÷
	NUMBER OF ISSUED LICENSES	9	2	2	6	ഹ	-	80	တ	34	4
	EXPORT DESTINATION	1. Algeria	2. Argentina	3. Australia	4. Austria	5. Bangladesh	6. Bahrain	7. Belgium	8. Bosnia and Herzegovina	9. Bulgaria	10 Guatemala

EXPORT 0				Annex of Actual exp	Actual exports of arms and military equipment			
	NUMBER OF ISSUED LICENSES	NUMBER FROM NCL (AME)	VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	VALUE OF EXPORT <sup>3</sup> (USD)	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT UNITS)	END-USER COUNTRY	TYPE OF END-USER <sup>4</sup>
11. Greenland	-	-	62,551.22	62,551.22	Hunting and sporting weapons	162 PCS	Greenland	ပ
12. Denmark	-	-	38,381.74	0,00	Hunting carbine; magazine; small calibre rifle	142 PCS	Denmark	၁
13. Egypt	12	2; 11; 17; 22; 8; 3; 4; 7; 6	11,435,232.46	3.959.288,35*	Spare parts; service; ammunition disassembly devices; technical documentation; training; workshop equipment; pyrotechnics; Craft paper tube; mine; cellulose cup; M2E mask; propellant charge; rocket; blast cap; PA filter	651 SETS; 270650 PCS	Egypt	Σ
14. Israel	10	3; 16; 4	6,414,687	4,962,600.33*	Primed cartridge; ammunition; precise castings; ejection lever	22550490 PCS	Israel; Senegal; Turkmenistan; India	M; C
15. India	-	က	24,500	24,500	Ammunition	94000 PCS	India	ပ
16. Indonesia	2	_	10,692	10,692	Pistol; spare parts	459 PCS	Indonesia	Σ
17. Iraq	10	13; 3; 4; 5; 15; 2; 10; 14; 1; 12	116,328,000	35,992,475*	Pilot helmet; ammunition; service; gondola cannon; co-pilot; thermo-vision system; rocket launcher; rocket, pilot parachute; aircraft LASTA 95; helicopter weapons carrier; MALJUTKA trainer; machine gun; missile guiding and launching system	1754124 PCS	Iraq	Σ
18. Italy	4	3;8	12,952,367.29	16,500,348.69*	Ammunition; primed cartridge; non- primed cartridge; tracer; projectile; rounds; gunpowder	39656889 PCS; 50000 KG	Italy	M; C
19. Jordan	29	1; 3; 13	2,942,122.06	3,089,842.19*	Rifle; ammunition; submachine gun; ammunition belt; ammunition belt feeding system; machine gun; automatic rifle; spare parts; optical sight, spare ammo clip; ammunition box; hunting carbine; sniper rifle; magazine; ballistic vest; bal- listic panel; helmet	3488765 PCS	Afghanistan; Iraq; Jordan	M; C
20. Canada	2	-	95,722.80	784,606.69*	Pistol; hunting carbine	560 PCS	Canada	ပ
21. Кепуа	2	2; 6; 5; 3	23,841,911.04	14,168,298.24	Accessories; truck; battery fire control system; logistics vehicle; projectile; self-propelled cannon; special vehicle	5 SETS; 3135 PCS	Kenya	Σ
22. China <sup>5</sup>				2,079,004.20*	Guidance system; gas generation chamber; propulsion group – elaborated; IC coordinator; self-guidance head	620 PCS	Viet Nam	Σ

				Annex 6: Actual exp	6: Actual exports of arms and military equipment			
EXPORT DESTINATION	NUMBER OF ISSUED LICENSES	NUMBER FROM NCL (AME)	VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	VALUE OF EXPORT <sup>3</sup> (USD)	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT UNITS)	END-USER COUNTRY	TYPE OF END-USER <sup>4</sup>
23. China (Hong Kong)	2	-	93,000	579,721.73*	Pistol; small caliber rifle	450 PCS	Pakistan	O
24. Cyprus	9	18; 3; 2; 1	1,230,341.94	1,003,519.21*	Equipment; measurement equipment; ammunition feed; automatic grenade launcher; submachine gun; underslung grenade launcher; ammunition; automatic rifle	17763 PCS; 2000 PCS	Cyprus; Equatorial Guinea	Σ
25. Kuwait	-	-	810	810	Automatic rifle	3 PCS	Kuwait	Σ
26. Libya	က	10	2,405,863	09,760	Service; explosive charges; pilot para- chute	12 SETS; 20 PCS	Libya	Σ
27. Hungary	-	80	698,617.50	517,476.55*	Gunpowder	50000 PCS	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Σ
28. Macedonia	12	3; 1; 7; 10	989,292.35	818,560.51	Service; spare parts; ammunition; protection mask; small caliber rifle; hunting carbine; flash hand grenade; shock hand grenade; hunting rifle; pistol magazine; pistol barrel; pistol; lock retainer clip; mine; personal gas filter; revolver	3000 SETS; 910040 PCS; 250 PR	Macedonia	W; C
29. Namibia	2	3; 1	242,225.19	242,225.19	Ammunition; rounds; unprimed cartridge; small caliber rifle; hunting carbine	639600 PCS	Namibia	O
30. Germany	2	က	5,079,586.63	2,246,511.25*	Ammunition; rounds; unprimed cartridge	22598500 PCS	Germany	O
31. New Zealand	က	1;3	371,785.83	278,853.14*	Small caliber rifle; hunting carbine; spare parts; ammunition	770654 PCS	New Zealand	O
32. Norway	2	က	330,040.21	327,839.24	Ammunition; rounds; unprimed cartridge	984600 PCS	Norway	O
33. Pakistan	<del>-</del>	1; 3; 4	291,663.48	212,608.48*	Magazine; pistol; spare parts; small caliber rifle; hunting carbine; ammunition; fuze; rocket motor; rocket warhead	131620 PCS	Pakistan	Ċ; M
34. Panama <sup>5</sup>				34,700*	Eject lever	50000 PCS	Israel	O
35. Peru	2	က	2,708,025.30	2,708,025.30	Shell	25585 PCS	Peru	Σ
36. Portugal	2	-	26,460.97	18,370.31	18,370.31 Hunting carbine	53 PCS	Mozambique; Portugal	O

	QUANTITY (IN END-USER TYPE OF MEASUREMENT COUNTRY END-USER*	87620 PCS; 290000 Romania M; C KG	132000 PCS Russian Federation M	4876600 PCS; lsrael; Nigeria; M; C 149610 KG Austria; Belgium	16191 PCS Indonesia M	United States of America; 1988713433 PCS Afghanistan; M; C Ecuador; Chile; Canada; Iraq	Slovak Republic; 10110 PCS Central African C; M Republic	4926275 PCS; 100 Slovenia C; M KG	108775 PCS Thailand M	1 PC Turkey M	2398076 PCS United Kingdom M
Annex 6: Actual exports of arms and military equipment	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	Blast cap; celluloid plate for additional gunpowder charges; hunting carbine; ammunition; small caliber rifle; gunpowder	Ammunition	Primary charge; detonator; ammunition; propellant charge; gunpowder	Ammunition; sniper rifle	Service; ammunition; automatic rifle; submachine gun; machine gun; rounds; unprimed cartridge; rifle; primed cartridge; automatic grenade launcher; pistol; semi-automatic rifle; hunting carbine; mine; magazine; carbine; mine cross-section; under-slung grenade launcher; spare parts; sniper rifle; long range rifle	Hunting carbine; spare parts; ammunition; pistol; automatic grenade launcher; small caliber rifle	Spare parts; barrel and trigger mechanism; ammunition; primed cartridge; rounds; smoke cartridge; cap; hunting carbine; semi-automatic rifle; magazine; practice bursting bomb; pistol; automatic rifle; small caliber rifle; incendiary compound	Ammunition; sights; flash hand gre- nade; shock hand grenade; smoke hand grenade	Service; rocket model	Ammunition; long range rifle; pistol; automatic rifle; sniper rifle; rounds; submachine gun; spare parts; accessories;
Annex 6: Actual ex	VALUE OF EXPORT <sup>3</sup> (USD)	3,435,629.39*	57,701.03	5,716,839.08*	730,601.04	49,341,054.73*	180,226.49*	872,845.45	2,703,506.45*	00'0	627,973.51*
	VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	4,019,981.89	57,701.03	3,700,811.10	982,709.04	493,991,821.86	216,130.24	1,071,571.26	3,551,576.45	306,415	617,064.02
	NUMBER FROM NCL (AME)	3; 1; 8	က	3; 8	3;1	3; 1; 2	1; 3; 2	1; 3; 4	3; 5	4	1; 3
	NUMBER OF ISSUED LICENSES	<del>=</del>	2	13	5	34	4	_	10	-	6
	EXPORT DESTINATION	37. Romania	38. Russian Federation	39. St. Kitts and Nevis	40. Singapore	41. United States of America	42. Slovak Republic	43. Slovenia	44. Thailand	45. Turkey	46. United Kingdom

				Annex 6: Actual exp	Annex 6: Actual exports of arms and military equipment			
EXPORT DESTINATION	NUMBER OF ISSUED LICENSES	NUMBER FROM NCL (AME)	VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	VALUE OF EXPORT <sup>3</sup> (USD)	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT UNITS)	END-USER COUNTRY	TYPE OF END-USER <sup>4</sup>
47. Ukraine	-	က	20,367.69	20,367.69	Ammunition	74000 PCS	Ukraine	Σ
48. Uruguay	9	3; 8	1,960,134	1,960,134	Rounds; primed cartridge; shell; mine; gunpowder	12806800 PCS; 15120 KG	Ecuador; Chile; Columbia	Σ
49. Philippines <sup>5</sup>				273,598*	Ammunition	2929600 PCS	Philippines	Σ
50. France	4	8; 3; 1	660,799.41	103,761.60	Gas generator block; rounds; hunting carbines; unprimed cartridge; ammunition; gas generator igniter	2867050 PCS	France	M; C
51. Netherlands	5	3; 13	1,594,245.14	306,228.29*	Ammunition; rounds, bullet-proof vest; plate against rifle ammunition; bullet-proof vest; set of ballistics panels (front and back)	3259000 PCS	Netherlands	M; C
52. Croatia	4	က	276,166.82	248,201.03*	Ammunition	816000 PCS	Croatia	M; C
53. Montenegro	16	8; 3; 4; 1	3,394,866.09	2,293,738.50*	Gunpowder charge; gunpowder; mine; hand-launched grenade; practice burst- ing bomb; smoke-emitting bomb; smoke cartridge; ammunition; spare parts; semi-automatic rifle; hunting carbine; rocket propellant; cap; ramrod	600 SETS; 2170976 PCS; 4292 KG	Montenegro; Philippines; Ukraine	M; C
54. Czech Republic	က	3; 1; 13	567,665.22	521,204.42	Ammunition; hunting carbine; ballistic panel	682519 PCS	Czech Republic	M; C
55. Switzerland	က	3; 8	324,181.14	199,654.24	Ammunition; gunpowder	1007000 PCS; 1800 KG	Switzerland	O
56. Spain	2	3; 1	125,094.10	196,676.10*	196,676.10* Ammunition; carbines; rounds; unprimed cartridge	684468 PCS	Spain	C
TOTAL	348		757,875,587.29	192,643,492.31				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For the period between 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010 (temporary and tax free export excluded).
<sup>2</sup> The value in USD (calculated according to the official exchange rate of NBS on 31 December 2010).
<sup>3</sup> Ibid. An asterisk (\*) next to a specific amount (value) means that this figure also contains the value of actual exports as per licenses issued in 2009 and valid in 2010.
<sup>4</sup> Type of end-user: S – state; M – military; C – civilian.
<sup>5</sup> For this destination there were no licenses issued in 2010. Only actual exports against license issued in 2009, and valid by the end of 2010 are shown. All other data is included in the 2009 Report.

## ANNEX 7: ACTUAL IMPORTS OF ARMS AND MILITARY EQUIPMENT

	NIMBER				NI) ALITNATIO		
FROM NCL (AME)	ر برا - ا	VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	VALUE OF IMPORT <sup>3</sup> (USD)	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	MEASUREMENT UNITS)	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	TYPE OF END-USER <sup>4</sup>
11; 1; 3	e	6,001,838.55	5,642,055.52*	Radio reconnaissance station; spare parts; hunting carbine; spare ammo clip; revolver; pistol; magazine; ammunition	1 SET; 11273 PCS	Austria; Germany	M; C
+	1; 3; 8	4,187,446.97	1,220,231.79*	Spare ammo clip; hunting carbine; ammunition; automatic rifle; components; machine gun; gunpowder	15717 PCS; 266000 KG	Belgium	C;
	2;1	208,547	208,547	Spare parts; optical sight	1 SET; 300 PCS	Belarus	M; C
22; 2; 11; 3; 16; 1; 6	; 1; 6	15,566,028.66	4,918,744.64*	Service; spare parts; overhaul/technical documentation; training; workshop equipment; group crypto protection equipment; primer; rounds; primary charge; detonator; ammunition; sights; cap; booster; optical sight; detonating cap; forging; engine; electric fuze; crypto spare parts; centrifugal compressor; electromagnet; electric cap	3 SETS; 504509336 PCS	Bosnia and Herzegovina	M; C
16; 3; 8; 12	8; 12	16,513,736.10	11,845,163.69*	Shell body forging; fuze; ammunition; propellant; parachute target, projectile; ammo shells	2482103 PCS	Bulgaria	M; C
	-	43,873.18	14,132.03	Spare ammo clip; pistol	72 PCS	Italy	ပ
	က	14,680	00'0	Ammunition	6000 PCS	NSA	Σ
_	11; 13	177,584.80	1,705,157.52*	Controller with a convertor; ceramic plates; aramid fabric	251 PCS; 480 M2	Israel	Σ
	1;3	669,019.41	77,077.82*	Spare parts; rifle; hunting carbine; spare ammo clip; cap; semi-automatic rifle; carbine	37000149 PCS	Italy	C; M
	00	21,078.29	00'0	Hexogen	3200 KG	Albania	Σ
	4	398,190.68	265,884.51	Smoke cartridge; smoke-emitting bomb	36800 PCS	Macedonia	Σ
<del>.</del> ;3	1; 3; 5; 8	1,617,286.48	258,700.15*	Spare parts; ammunition; hunting carbine; semi-automatic carbine; Mauser system rifle; rifle; semi-automatic rifle; automatic rifle; laser; spare rifle butt; accessories; carbine; pistol; accessories; combined hunting rifle; zirconium	21328 PCS; 40 KG	Germany; Belgium; USA; Japan; Switzerland; Romania	⊠ Ċ

				Annex 7: Actual imp	7: Actual imports of arms and military equipment			
IMPORT DESTINATION	NUMBER OF ISSUED LICENSES	NUMBER FROM NCL (AME)	VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	VALUE OF IMPORT <sup>3</sup> (USD)	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT UNITS)	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	TYPE OF END-USER⁴
13. Portugal	က	-	158,725.90	152,029.11*	Hunting carbine	145 PCS	Belgium	O
14. Russian Federation	13	10; 1; 5; 11; 2	12,078,749	11,503,815.63*	Service; right console wing; hunting carbine; pistol; mobile set; spare parts; comb. hunting rifle; single axis gyroscope; aircraft tires	3198 PCS	Russian Federation	Ö;
15. United States of America	6	1; 11; 3; 21; 8	1,759,891.44	461,144.17	Pistol; portable radio devices; rounds; vehicle radio; spare ammo clip; tactical rails; components; small caliber rifle; biped; ammunition; hunting carbine; software; gunpowder	84455 PCS; 81000 KG	United States of America	C; M
16. Slovenia	2	18; 3; 1; 8	1,134,358.91	54,579.95*	Accessories; feed; pistol; hunting carbine; spare parts; gunpowder	1 SET; 13000003 PCS; 1050 KG	Slovenia; Germany	M; C
17. United Kingdom	4	1; 15	4,790,976.45	8,523.78	Piccatiny rail; carbines; search camera set; thermo-vision system; handle	281 PCS	Israel; United Kingdom; Germany; Finland; Austria; USA; Japan	M; C
18. Ukraine	က	2; 3	2,471,511.88	1,543,141.22*	Components and accessories; ammo shells; service	24 SETS; 33960 PCS	Ukraine	Σ
19. France	9	15; 11; 21; 3; 10	7,887,979.96	5,481,592.70*	Service; thermo-vision camera; examination tools; software; ATS 8 configuration; feed; ammunition feed; spare parts; MAS 20 configuration	80 SETS; 42001366 PCS	France	Ö; C
20. Croatia	-	_	300	00'0	Hunting rifle	1 PC	Germany	C
21. Montenegro	6	22; 10; 6; 2; 1; 4; 8	3,601,600.43	1,557,830.71*	Overhaul/technical documentation; explosive charges; workshop equipment; spare parts; anti-air cannon; explosive charges and rocket engine; self-propelled launcher equipment; rifle; pistol; service; rocket; semi-automatic rifle; ammonium perchlorate	13 SETS; 10799 PCS; 500 KG	Montenegro; Serbia	Ö;;C
22. Czech Republic	വ	18; 1; 3	271,437.56	110,037.34*	Measurement equipment; mine; hunting carbine; pistol; ammunition; spare parts	133817 PCS	Czech Republic	M; C
23. Switzerland <sup>5</sup>				2,931.48*	Pistol	2 PCS	Switzerland	Σ

				Annex 7: Actual im	7: Actual imports of arms and military equipment			
IMPORT DESTINATION	NUMBER OF ISSUED LICENSES	NUMBER FROM NCL (AME)	VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	VALUE OF IMPORT <sup>3</sup> (USD)	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT UNITS)	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	TYPE OF END-USER <sup>4</sup>
24. Spain	3	1; 3	73,148.25	9,609.98	Heavy rifle barrel; ammunition feed; 9,609.98 primed cartridge; ammunition; spare parts	3112 PCS	Spain	M; C
TOTAL	152		79,647,989.89	47,040,930.74				

<sup>1</sup> For the period between 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010 (temporary and tax free import excluded).
<sup>2</sup> The value in USD (calculated according to the official exchange rate of NBS on 31 December 2010).
<sup>3</sup> Ibid: An asterisk (\*) next to a specific amount (value) means that this figure also contains the value of actual imports as per licenses issued in 2009 and valid in 2010.
<sup>4</sup> Type of end-user: S – state; M – military; C – civilian.
<sup>5</sup> For this destination there were no licenses issued in 2010. Only actual imports against licenses issued in 2009, and valid by the end of 2010 are shown. All other data is included in the 2009 Report.

ANNEX 8: ACTUAL EXPORTS OF DUAL-USE GOODS1

43,127.99Software; PETN (pentaerythritoltetranitrate)6 PCS; 12000 KG Herzegovina98,594.22Service; Bullet-proof vest438 PCSSlovenia5,674.62Alphatoxin; Ochratoxin B; cyanide;2011 MLMontenegro	ALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup> VALUE OF EXPORT (USD)
438 PCS 2011 ML	15,045.67 43,127.99 S
2011 ML	75,836.04 98,594.22 S
	5,674.62 <sup>f</sup>

147,396.84

296,556.33

<sup>1</sup> For the period between 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010 (temporary and tax free export excluded). <sup>2</sup> The value in USD (calculated according to the Official exchange rate of NBS on 31 December 2010). <sup>3</sup> Type of end-user: S – state; M – military; C – civilian.

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	TYPE OF END-USER <sup>4</sup>	ပ	ပ	S S	Σ	Σ	O	O	ပ	Ö.	ပ
	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	USA; Germany; Romania	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Germany; Bulgaria; Russian Federation; Spain	Germany	USA	Israel	ltaly	Hungary	Germany; Austria; USA	Poland
	QUANTITY (N MEASUREMENT UNITS)	9 PCS; 103000 KG	329800 PCS	1 PC; 600305 KG; 400000 M	5520 KG	73 PCS	1 PC	460 KG	700000 KG	1 SET; 1050 GR; 1 PC; 31921 KG; 33 LT; 3600 M; 2014 ML	268 PCS
Annex 9: Actual imports of dual-use goods	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	Radiological detector; triethanolamine; ammonium bi-fluoride; dimethylamine	Service; electric fuze; electric detonators; detonating cap	Automatic lathe; zirconium; plastic explosive; detonating cord	Triethanolamine	Installation set; radio station aerial; radio station; KFS control box	3G phone detector	Triethanolamine	Emulgite 82 GP; Emulgite LWC AI; Emeh AH	Laboratory reagent; alphatoxin; chemicals; potassium cyanide; transmitter; ammonium hydrogen difluoride; zirconium; hydrofluoric acid; triethanolamine; sodium fluoride; Deuterium Oxide Deuteration; filter material; cyanide; fluoride; ochratoxin B	Tempest switch; Tempest POWER FILTER; Tempest portable computer; Tempest computer; Tempest scanner; Tempest laser printer
Annex 9: Actu	VALUE OF IMPORT <sup>3</sup> (USD)	109,534.71	480,683.56*	184,493.57	17,261.84	452,353	00'0	3,856.37	225,477.54*	298,801.90	1,003,994.52
	VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	295,956.19	447,498.44	1,278,328.97	17,261.84	452,353	99,802.50	3,856.37		332,198	1,003,994.52
	NUMBER FROM NCL (DUG)	6A102; 1C350; 1C 350; 1C350-16	3A232; 3A 232	2B001; 1C111a; 1C239; 1C111 a; 3A229	10350	5A001b	5B001a	1C35046		16230; 16350; 16350; 16350 40; 7A105; 16111 a; 06003; 16 230; 16 35024;	4A 001b
	NUMBER OF ISSUED LICENSES	7	2	9	_	-	_	-		17	-
	IMPORT DESTINATION	1. Austria	2. Bosnia and Herzegovina	3. Bulgaria	4. Greece	5. Denmark	6. Israel	7. Italy	8. Hungary <sup>5</sup>	9. Germany	10. Poland

	TYPE OF END-USER <sup>4</sup>	ပ	S	C; M	O	ပ	၁	Ö,	S	ပ	Ä; C	O	C
	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	Romania	Singapore	Slovenia; Germany	United Kingdom	Finland	France; Germany	Netherlands; USA; Spain; Germany	Croatia	India	USA; Czech Republic; Poland	Germany; Switzerland	Russian Federation
	QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT UNITS)	400 KG	1 PC	4 PCS; 348250 KG	1 PC	15 PCS	3 PCS; 1025 KG	100 GR; 10 PCS; 5007 KG; 6 LT	6267 KG	200000 M	2250360 PCS; 52200 KG; 76 TN	21280 KG	41000 KG
Annex 9: Actual imports of dual-use goods	DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	High explosive	Testing system	Mixer; knife; aluminium bar; hydrofluoric acid; sodium-cyanide salt; AW 2011-Im-pol D50 alloy; potassium cyanide	Water cannon	58,054.32 Radiological detector	Service; software; software and hardware	Potassium cyanide; thermo-vision camera; sodium fluoride, triethanolamine; hydrogen fluoride	Aluminium bar	Detonating cord	Height encoder; non-electric detonator; electric detonator; installation kit, course indicator; navigation system; radio compass; aero-gyro-horizon; turn and slide indicator; compensator; gyro-directional KSG; magnetic detector; sodium cyanide; sodium cyanide in briquettes; triethanolamine	BEZAFLAM SFM; PETN (pentaeritritetranitrate)	Aluminum bar
Annex 9: Actua	VALUE OF IMPORT <sup>3</sup> (USD)	453.18 H	296,605*	1,306,518.88	7,651.02	58,054.32	24,822,469.28	20,758.13*	96,976.52*	00'0	839,121.51	93,141.87	00'0
	VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	526.96	199,605	2,343,217.32	7,651.02	58,054.32	24,822,469.28	99,306.91	36,516.14	50,566.60	3,050,480.73	127,277.27	203,597.10
	NUMBER FROM NCL (DUG)	1C239	5B001a	1B115; 1C002b4a; 1C350	2B207a	6A102	6D003d; 6000	1C350; 6A003b; 1C350 43; 1C 350	1C002b4a	3A 229a	7A005; 3A 232; 7A002; 1C350; 1C 350	1C239; 1C450b	1C002b4a
	NUMBER OF ISSUED LICENSES	-	-	6	-	-	4	9	-	-	10	က	-
	IMPORT DESTINATION	11. Romania	12. Singapore	13. Slovenia	14. United Kingdom	15. Finland	16. France	17. Netherlands	18. Croatia	19. Montenegro	20. Czech Republic	21. Switzerland	22. Sweden

30.318.206,72

34,930,518.46

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For the period between 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010 (temporary and tax free import excluded).
<sup>2</sup> The value in USD (calculated according to the official exchange rate of NBS on 31 December 2010).
<sup>3</sup> Ibid. An asterisk (\*) next to a specific amount (value) means that this figure also contains the value of actual imports as per licenses issued in 2009 and valid in 2010.

<sup>4</sup> Type of end-user: S – state; M – military, C – civilian.

<sup>5</sup> For this destination there were no licenses issued in 2010. Only actual imports against licenses issued in 2009, and valid by the end of 2010 are shown. All other data is included in the 2009 Report.

# ANNEX 10: DENIED APPLICATIONS FOR ARMS AND MILITARY EQUIPMENT EXPORT LICENSES

. s			
TYPE OF END-USER	Σ	Σ	Σ
END-USER COUNTRY	Croatia	Jordan	Sweden
QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT UNITS)	1 PC	50 PCS	4000 PCS
DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	Drill aircraft HJ-21 Jastreb	12,7 mm long-range rifle M93 with optical sight and accessories	1,157,709.00 Protection bullet-proof vest
VALUE (USD)²	70,000	180,000	1,157,709.00
NUMBER FROM NCL (AME)	10	-	13
NUMBER OF DENIED APPLICATIONS	-	-	-
EXPORT DESTINATION	1. Croatia	2. Jordan	3. Sweden

607,704,1	
2	
1 2 2	

3 applications for export of arms and military equipment in 2010 were denied due to incomplete documentation of the applicant.

According to the criteria provided by the Decision on the Criteria for Licensing the Exports of Arms, Military Equipment and Dual-use Goods<sup>4</sup>, which has been entirely harmonized with the EU Code of Conduct on Arms Exports, there were no AME export denials.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For the period between 1 January 2009 and 31 December 2010.
<sup>2</sup> The value in USD (calculated according to the official exchange rate of NBS on 31 December 2010).
<sup>3</sup> Туре of end-user: S – state; M – military; C – civilian.
<sup>4</sup> Одлука је донета на основу члана 3. став 2. Закона и објављена у "Службеном листу СЦГ", број 11/05.

ANNEX 11: DENIED APPLICATIONS FOR ARMS AND MILITARY EQUIPMENT IMPORT LICENSES<sup>1</sup>

TYPE OF END-USER3	ပ	
COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	Croatia	
QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT	UNITS) 5 PCS	
DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	862.98 Pistol XDM-9 HS 4.5	
VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	1,862.98	
NUMBER FROM NCL	(AIME)	
NUMBER OF DENIED	APPLICATIONS	
IMPORT	1. Croatia	

One application for import of arms and military equipment in 2010 was denied due to incomplete documentation of the applicant.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For the period between 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010. <sup>2</sup> The value in USD (calculated according to the official exchange rate of NBS on 31 December 2010). <sup>3</sup> Type of end-user: S – state; M – military; C – civilian.

ANNEX 12: DENIED APPLICATIONS FOR DUAL-USE EXPORT LICENSES<sup>1</sup>

TYPE 0F END-USER	ı
END-USER COUNTRY	ı
QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT UNITS)	•
DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	
VALUE (USD)	
NUMBER FROM NCL (DUG)	1
NUMBER OF DENIED APPLICATIONS	,
PORT STINATION	_

TOTAL

In 2010 there were no denials for exports of dual-use goods.

<sup>1</sup> For the period between 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010.

ANNEX 13: DENIED APPLICATIONS FOR DUAL-USE IMPORT LICENSES1

TYPE OF END-USER <sup>3</sup>	O	C
COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	Croatia	Germany
QUANTITY (IN MEASUREMENT UNITS)	2,000,000 M	400,000 KG
DESCRIPTION OF GOODS	Low energy impulse pipe	High explosive emulgite 82GP
VALUE (USD) <sup>2</sup>	133,070	558,894
NUMBER FROM NCL (DUG)	3A229a	10239
NUMBER OF DENIED APPLICATIONS	-	-
IMPORT DESTINATION	1. Croatia	2. Hungary

Two applications for import of dual-use goods in 2010 were denied due to incomplete documentation of the applicant.

691,964

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For the period between 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010 . <sup>2</sup> The value in USD (calculated according to the official exchange rate of NBS on 31 December 2010). <sup>3</sup> Type of end-user: S – state; M – military; C – civilian.

### Republic of Serbia Ministry of Economy and Regional Development Industry Development Management Sector

### Division for Agreements on Bilateral Promotion and Protection of Investments, Concessions and Foreign Trade in Controlled Goods

Belgrade, Bulevar kralja Aleksandra 15

### **Branislay Zec**

State Secretary for Economy

### **Cabinet**

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### **Industry Development Management Sector**

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