## III. Table of multilateral peace operations, 2018

TIMO SMIT

Table 3.2 provides data on the 60 multilateral peace operations conducted in 2018, including operations that were either launched or terminated during the year.

The table lists operations conducted under the authority of the UN, operations conducted by regional organizations and alliances, and operations conducted by ad hoc (non-standing) coalitions of states. UN operations are divided into three subgroups: (a) observer and multidimensional peace operations run by the Department of Peacekeeping Operations (DPKO); (b) special political and peacebuilding missions; and (c) the joint African Union/UN Hybrid Operation in Darfur (UNAMID).

The table draws on the SIPRI Multilateral Peace Operations Database, <a href="http://www.sipri.org/databases/pko">http://www.sipri.org/databases/pko</a>, which provides information on all UN and non-UN peace operations conducted since 2000, such as location, dates of deployment and operation, mandate, participating countries, number of personnel, budget and fatalities.

**Table 3.2.** Multilateral peace operations, 2018 Unless otherwise stated, all figures are as of 31 Dec. 2018 or the date of closure. Operations that

closed in 2018 are shown in italic type and are not included in the aggregate figures. Mil. Start Location Pol. Civ. Operation United Nations Peacekeeping Operations 72 217 8 075 3 9 6 4 1948 Middle East UNTSO 142 77 UNMOGIP 1951 India/Pakistan 44 23 UNFICYP 1964 Cyprus 804 68 37 UNDOF 1974 Syria (Golan) 939 49 1978 Lebanon 239 UNIFIL 10 317 1991 Western Sahara 75 MINURSO 224 1 MONUSCO 1999 DRC 15 851 1362 833 UNMIK 1999 Kosovo 10 93 ጸ 2003 Liberia UNMIL 155 UNISFA 2011 Abvei 4 5 4 5 41 136 UNMISS 2011 South Sudan 14904 1778 895 MINUSMA 2013 Mali 12811 1761 743 MINUSCA 2014 CAR 11628 2049 607 MINUJUSTH 2017 Haiti 1005 157 1 099 **United Nations Special Political Mission** 1086 76 UNAMA 2002 Afghanistan 280 UNAMI 2003 Iraq 241 306 UNIOGBIS 2010 Guinea-Bissau 1 12 62 UNSMIL 2011 Libva 234 2 174 UNSOM 2013 Somalia 539 14 152 UNVMC 2017 Colombia 70 48 125 United Nations/African Union 6045 2 2 9 6 630 UNAMID 2007 Sudan (Darfur) 2 2 9 6 630 6045 **African Union** 20 169 662 123 AMISOM 2007 Somalia 20 161 662 66  $MISAHEL^a$ 2013 Mali 11 MISAC<sup>a</sup> 2014 CAR 9 AU Observer Mission 2015 Burundi 8 37 in Burundia **Economic Community of West African States** 1271 271 **ECOMIB** 2012 Guinea-Bissau 396 146 **ECOMIG** 2017 Gambia 875 125 European Union 1494 314 722 2004 Bosnia and EUFOR ALTHEA 560 17 Herzegovina **EUBAM Rafah** 2005 Palestinian 1 8 territories (Rafah Crossing Point) **EUPOL COPPS** 2005 Palestinian 39 20 territories **EULEX Kosovo** 2008 Kosovo 166 124 **EUMM Georgia** 2008 Georgia 201

2010 Somalia

128

10

**EUTM Somalia** 

Operation	Start	Location	Mil.	Pol.	Civ.
EUCAP Sahel Niger		Niger	-	35	80
EUTM Mali		Mali	640	-	52
EUAM Ukraine		Ukraine	_	44	98
EUCAP Sahel Mali		Mali	_	40	71
EUTM RCA		CAR	166	-	1
EUAM Iraq	2017	Iraq	-	8	21
North Atlantic Treaty Organization			20 552	-	-
KFOR		Kosovo	3 642	-	_
RSM		Afghanistan	16 910	_	-
NMI	2018	Iraq	••	••	••
Intergovernmental Author	ority o	n Development	_	-	114
CTSAMVM	2015	South Sudan	-	-	114
Organization of American	n State	s	_	_	28
MAPP/OEA	2004	Colombia	-	-	28
Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe			-	-	1122
OSCE Mission to Skopje		North Macedonia	_	-	35
OSCE Mission to Moldova	1993	Moldova	_	-	10
OSCE PRCIO	1995	Azerbaijan (Nagorno- Karabakh)	-	-	6
OSCE Mission to Bosnia	1995	Bosnia and	_	_	33
and Herzegovina	2,,0	Herzegovina			
OSCE Presence in Albania	1997	Albania	_	_	19
OMIK	1999	Kosovo	_	_	84
OSCE Mission to Serbia	2001	Serbia	_	_	21
OSCE SMM	2014	Ukraine	_	_	893
OSCE Observer Mission	2014	Russia (Gukovo	_	_	21
at the Russian		and Donetsk			
Checkpoints Gukovo		checkpoints)			
and Donetsk					
Southern African Develop SAPMIL		Community Lesotho	_	-	_
		Lesotno	_	_	_
Ad hoc coalition of states		a .1 ***	2 266	3	192
NNSC		South Korea	10	_	_
MFO		Egypt (Sinai)	1 117	_	111
JCC		Moldova (Transnistria)	1 120	_	_
OHR	1995	Bosnia and Herzegovina	-	-	12
$TIPH^a$	1997	Palestinian territories (Hebron)	-	-	63
IMT	2004	Philippines (Mindanao)	19	3	6

 <sup>- =</sup> not applicable; . . = information not available; AMISOM = AU Mission in Somalia; AU
 = African Union; CAR = Central African Republic; Civ.= International civilian personnel;
 CTSAMVM = Ceasefire and Transitional Security Arrangements Monitoring and Verification
 Mechanism; DRC = Democratic Republic of the Congo; ECOMIB = ECOWAS Mission in Guinea-Bissau; ECOMIG = ECOWAS Mission in the Gambia; ECOWAS = Economic Community of

West African States: EU = European Union: EUAM Irag = EU Advisory Mission in Support of Security Sector Reform in Iraq; EUAM Ukraine = EU Advisory Mission for Civilian Security Sector Reform Ukraine; EUBAM Rafah = EU Border Assistance Mission for the Rafah Crossing Point; EUCAP Sahel Mali = EU Common Security and Defence Policy (CSDP) Mission in Mali; EUCAP Sahel Niger = EU CSDP Mission in Niger; EUFOR ALTHEA = EU Military Operation in Bosnia and Herzegovina; EULEX Kosovo = EU Rule of Law Mission in Kosovo; EUMM Georgia = EU Monitoring Mission in Georgia; EUPOL COPPS = EU Police Mission for the Palestinian Territories; EUTM Mali = EU Training Mission Mali; EUTM RCA = EU Training Mission in the CAR: EUTM Somalia = EU Training Mission Somalia: IMT = International Monitoring Team: JCC = Joint Control Commission Peacekeeping Force; KFOR = Kosovo Force; MAPP/OEA = OAS Mission to Support the Peace Process in Colombia; MFO = Multinational Force and Observers; Mil. = military personnel (troops and military observers); MINUJUSTH = UN Mission for Justice Support in Haiti; MINURSO = UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara; MINUSCA = UN Multidimensional Integrated Stabilization Mission in the Central African Republic; MINUSMA = UN Multidimensional Integrated Stabilization Mission in Mali; MISAC = AU Mission for the Central African Republic and Central Africa; MISAHEL = AU Mission for Mali and the Sahel; MONUSCO = UN Organization Stabilization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo; NATO = North Atlantic Treaty Organization; NMI = NATO Mission Iraq; NNSC = Neutral Nations Supervisory Commission; OAS = Organization of American States; OHR = Office of the High Representative; OMIK = OSCE Mission in Kosovo; OSCE = Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe; OSCE SMM = OSCE Special Monitoring Mission in Ukraine; Pol. = police; PRCIO = Personal Representative of the Chairman-in-Office on the Conflict Dealt with by the OSCE Minsk Conference; RSM = Resolute Support Mission; SADC = Southern African Development Community; SAPMIL = SADC Preventive Mission in the Kingdom of Lesotho; TIPH = Temporary International Presence in Hebron; UNAMA = UN Assistance Mission in Afghanistan; UNAMI = UN Assistance Mission in Iraq; UNAMID = AU/UN Hybrid Operation in Darfur; UNDOF = UN Disengagement Observer Force; UNFICYP = UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus; UNIFIL = UN Interim Force in Lebanon; UNIOGBIS = UN Integrated Peacebuilding Office in Guinea-Bissau; UNISFA = UN Interim Security Force for Abyei; UNMIK = UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo; UNMIL = UN Mission in Liberia; UNMISS = UN Mission in South Sudan; UNMOGIP = UN Military Observer Group in India and Pakistan; UNOCI = UN Operation in Côte d'Ivoire; UNSMIL = UN Support Mission in Libya; UNSOM = UN Assistance Mission in Somalia; UNTSO = UN Truce Supervision Organization; UNVMC = UN Verification Mission in Colombia.

<sup>a</sup> Figures are as of 31 Dec. 2017.

Source: SIPRI Multilateral Peace Operations Database, <a href="http://www.sipri.org/databases/pko/">http://www.sipri.org/databases/pko/</a>>. Data on multilateral peace operations is obtained from the following categories of open source: (a) official information provided by the secretariat of the organization concerned; (b) information provided by the operations themselves, either in official publications or in written responses to annual SIPRI questionnaires; and (c) information from national governments contributing to the operation under consideration. In some instances, SIPRI researchers may gather additional information on an operation from the conducting organizations or governments of participating states by means of telephone interviews and email correspondence. These primary sources are supplemented by a wide selection of publicly available secondary sources consisting of specialist journals, research reports, news agencies, and international, regional and local newspapers.